## DOCUMENT RESUME

ED 141 139 SE 022 653

AUTHOR
TITLE INSTITUTION
SPONS AGENCY

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May 77

PUB DATE May 77
GRANT NSF-00454

NOTE 57p.: Not available in hard copy due to marginal

legibility of original document

EDRS PRICE DESCRIPTORS

MF-\$0.83 Plus Postage. HC Not Available from EDRS. \*Chemistry: \*College Science; \*Computer Assisted Instruction: \*Computer Programs: \*Computer Science; Higher Education: \*Instructional Materials: Problems: \*Problem Sets: Science Education

ABSTRACT

This document provides computer programs, written in EASIC PLUS, for presenting fundamental or remedial college chemistry students with chemical problems in a computer assisted instructional program. Programs include instructions, a sample run, and 14 separate practice sessions covering: mathematical operations, using decimals, sclving proportions, metric conversion, using metric, word problems, balancing chemical equations, stoichiometry, gas laws, and solutions. (SI)

## U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH EDUCATION & WELFARE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION

\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* STATED DO NOT NECESSARILY REPRE \*\* EDUCATION POSITION OR POLICY \*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION \*\*. \*\*\*\*\*\* MAY, 1977 \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\* 00454 **\*\***\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* **\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*** \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* **\*\*\*\*\*\*** \*\*\*\*\* **\*\*\*\***\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* PROGRAMS FOR \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* FUNDAMENTALS OF CHEMISTRY \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\* DR - A - MURIEL \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* DEVELOPED BY: \* FROJECT DIRECTOR \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* DR. J. GALLARDO HOSTOS COMM. COLLEGE \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* MR. S. DELGADO \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* HOSTOS COMM. COLLEGE \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \* 

- I ALL PROGRAMS IN THIS PACKAGE ARE TO BE USED BY ANY STUDENT TAKING A FUNDAMENTALS OR REMEDIAL COURSE IN CHEMISTRY
- II ALL TERMINALS SHOULD BE SET WITH THE FOLLOWING CHARACTER-STICS USING THE 'TTYSET' COMMANDS:
  - A WIDTH 81
  - B LC OUTPUT
- ITI ALL PROBLEMS HAVE BEEN WRITTEN IN BASIC PLUS LANGUAGE.
  THESE PROGRAMS CANNOT BE RUN ON A COMPUTER THAT DOSEN'T
  HAVE A BASIC PLUS COMPILER. IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT
  IN ALMOST ALL CASES, ANY DATA GIVEN IS RANDOMIZED. THEREFORE NO TWO RUNS OF THE SAME PROGRAM WILL CONTAIN THE
  SAME DATA.
- IV EACH PROGRAM, WHEN RUN, WILL PRINT (CODE #?'.

  THIS IS FOR THE INSTRUCTORS USE ONLY. THE POSSIBLE RESPONCES TO THIS ARE:
  - A FRESS #1 FOLLOWED BY CRS; THIS WILL CAUSE THE COMPUTER TO PRINT OUT JUST THE PROBLEMS CONTAINED WITHIN THE PROGRAM. THIS MEANS THAT THE COMPUTER WILL NOT WAIT FOR THE STUDENT'S ANSWER. FOLLOWING THE PROBLEMS THE CORRECT ANSWERS WILL BE PRINTED OUT. THIS IS INTENDED FOR THE INSTRUCTORS USE ONLY. OUR AIM WAS THAT THESE QUESTIONS COULD BE USED AS A TEST OR HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENTS.
  - B + WHEN ANY OTHER CHARACTER IS PRESSED FOLLOWED BY
    THE <CR> ALL PROGRAMS WILL FOLLOW THE SAME
    PATTERN. THAT IS. IT WILL ASK FOR THE STUDENT'S NAME AND ID# BEFORE PROCEEDING TO THE
    PROBLEMS THEMSELVES. THE PROGRAM WILL NOW BE
    IN A 'PRACTICE SESSION' MODE (SEE V).

## / - PRACTICE SESSION MODE

A - WHEN THE PROGRAM IS RUN IN THIS MODE THE STUDENT WILL BE ASKED TO SOLVE A SET OF PROBLEMS.

- B THERE IS NO SET TIME LIMIT FOR THE STUDENT TO COMPLETE
  THE SESSION OR TO SOLVE THE PROBLEMS. HOWEVER,
  THE, STUDENTS ARE GIVEN TWO CHANCES TO ANSWER
  A QUESTION, CORRECTLY. AFTER THE SECOND INCORRECT ANSWER THE COMPUTER WILL PRINT OUT THE CORRECT
  NUMERICAL ANSWER BUT WILL NOT SHOW THE STEPS
  USED TO ARRIVE ATTITAT, ANSWER
- THE COMPUTER WILL KEEP A RECORD OF ALL CORRECT ANSWERS BUT WILL NOT INDICATE IF THE
  CORRECT ANSWER WAS OBTAINED IN THE FIRST OR
  SECOND TRY.
- D AJ THE END OF A SESSION THE COMPUTER WILL PRINT OUT ALL OF THE CORRECT ANSWERS AND THE STUDENT ANSWERS.
- VI WHEN WE STARTED THIS TASK OF WRITING PROGRAMS TO BE USED AS PRACTICE SESSIONS BY THE STUDENTS IN SEPT. 1976, WE DID NOT HAVE ANY KNOWLEDGE OF COMPUTER PROGRAMMING.

THIS CAN BE SEEN IN THE PROGRAMS THEMSELVES, THAT HAVE A
LOW DEGREE OF SOPHISTICATION. AS TIME PROGRESSED, AND WE
LEARNED MORE TECHNIQUES IN PROGRAMMING, THE SOPHISTICATION OF THE PROGRAMS INCREASED, ALTHOUGH WE THOUGHT THAT TO
STRUCTURE OF THE PROGRAMS SHOULD BE KEPT STRAIGHT FOWARD
AND SIMPLE ENOUGH SO ANYBODY WITH SOME KNOWLEDGE OF BASIC
PLUS LANGUAGE COULD FOLLOW WHAT WAS DONE. OUR AIM WAS
TO LEARN ENOUGH COMPUTING KNOWLEDGE TO BE ABLE TO DEVELOPE
PROGRAMS THAT STUDENTS COULD BENEFIT FROM

## VII - FINAL COMMENTS:

THIS PACKAGE WAS DEVELOPED BY DR. JULIO GALLARDO AND MR. STEVEN DELGADO OF THE PHYSICAL SCIENCE DEPT. OF HOSTOS COMMUNITY COLLEGE OF C.U.N.Y.

IN OUR LAST EDITING WE HAVE TRIED TO ERASE ALL MISTAKES, BUT AS USUALLY HAPPENS, MANY OF THEM MAY HAVE ESCAPED OUR SCRUTINY.

ANY COMMENTS, SUGGESTIONS OR CORRECTIONS THAT YOU MAY HAVE ABOUT THIS FACKAGE MAY BE SENT TO:

DR. JULIO GALLARDO
OR
MR. STEVEN DELGADO
PHYSICAL SCIENCE DEPT.
HOSTOS COMMUNITY COLLEGE
475 GRAND CONCOURSE
BRONX, NEW YORK 10451



FINALLY WE WOULD LIKE TO THANK DR. A. MURIEL FOR GIVING US THE CHANCE TO BE PARTICIPANTS IN THIS PROJECT.



\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* TABLE OF CONTENTS \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

	FILE NAME		DESCRIPTION ********
	INST	**************************************	INSTRUCTIONS FOR USING ALL FROGRAMS IN THIS PACKAGE. FROM HERE A STUDENT CAN CHOOSE ANY TOPIC HE WISHES TO DO:
	CHE008	*****	A FRACTICE SESSION USING INTERGERS WITH VARIOUS MATHEMATICAL OFERATIONS (ADD., SUB., MULT., AND DIV.). THIS SESSION CONSISTS OF 12 PROBLEMS.
	CHE108		A FRACTICE SESSION USING DECIMALS WITH VARIOUS MATHEMATICAL OFERATIONS. THIS SESSION HAS 15 PROBLEMS.
	CHE208	*****	A PRACTICE SESSION IN SOLVING PROPORTIONS AND PERCENTAGE PROBLEMS. THIS SESSION HAS 16 PROBLEMS.
	CHE308	******	A FRACTICE SESSION IN CONVERTING FROM THE METRIC SYSTEM TO THE ENGLISH SYSTEM AND VISA VERSA. THIS SESSION HAS 15 FROBLEMS.
1	CHE408	******	A PRACTICE SESSION USING THE MÉTRIC SYSTEM IN WORD PROBLEMS. THIS SESS- ION HAS 10 QUESTIONS.
	CHE508		A FRACTICE SESSION ON WORD FROBLEMS, USING ALL OF THE ABOVE INFORMATION. HERE A STUDENT CAN CHOOSE THE NUMBER OF PROBLEMS HE WISHES TO DO. THIS SESSION HAS 14 QUESTIONS.
	CHE 608	*****	THESE ARE THE INSTRUCTIONS TO BE USED BEFORE THE STUDENT ANSWERS THE QUEST-IONS ON BALANCING CHEMICAL EQUATIONS. THIS PROGRAM RANDOMLY CHAINS TO ANY ONE OF 4 PROGRAMS ON BALANCING EQUATIONS (EQUAT 2,3,4 OR 5).
	E00AT 2-5		THESE ARE THE FROGRAMS CHAINED TO CHE 608. THEY EACH HAVE 10 DIFFERENT EQUATIONS. THEY CAN EACH RUN ON AN INDUITIONAL BASIS BUT ARE NOT CHAINED TO THE 'INST' FILE.
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FILE NAME		DESCRIPTION ************************************
CHE708	******	A PRACTICE SESSION ON STOICHIOMETRY, ASKING THE STUDENT TO ANSWER 5 QUEST-IONS WHICH HAVE A LOW DEGREE OF DIFF-ICULTY, FROM HERE THE STUDENT CAN CHOOSE TO CONTINUE TO 10 MORE QUEST-IONS (CHE718) WHICH ARE OF GREATER DIFFICULTY, OR END THE SESSION.
CHE718	********	THIS IS A CONTINUATION OF CHE708 BUT WITH HARDER PROBLEMS. THIS PROGRAM CAN RUN ON ITS OWN BUT IS NOT CHAINED TO THE 'INST' FILE.
CHESOS	******	A PRACTICE SESSION ON THE GAS LAWS. CONTAINING 15 QUESTIONS OF MODERATE DIFFICULTY. THE STUDENT CAN CHOOSE TO DO 5, 10 OR ALL 15 PROBLEMS.
CHE908	***********	A PRACTICE SESSION ON SOLUTIONS, CON- SISTING OF 15 QUESTIONS DEALING WITH MOLALITY AND PERCENT SOLUTION. THE STUDENT CAN CHOOSE TO DO 5, 10 OR ALL 15 PROBLEMS.
CHE018	******	A FRACTICE SESSION ON SOLUTIONS (II), CONSISTING OF 15 QUESTIONS, DEALING WITH NORMALITY AND MOLARITY. THE STUDENT CAN CHOOSE 5, 10 OR ALL 15 QUESTIONS TO ANSWER.
CHE028		A PRACTICE SESSION ON THE GAS LAWS (II), CONSISTING OF 15 QUESTIONS OF GREATER DIFFICULTY THEN CHE808. A STUDENT CAN CHOOSE 5, 10 OR 15 QUEST- LONS OR CANGO ON TO AN ADDITIONAL 5, 10 OR 15 QUESTIONS IN CHE038.
CHE038	******	THIS IS A CONTINUATION OF CHEC28. THIS FROMRAM IS CHAINED TO CHEC28.
		EACH OF THESE PROGRAMS ARE GEARED TO THE GENERAL CHEMISTRY STUDENT, BUT MAY BE USED BY THE STUDENT TAKING A FUNDAMENTALS OF CHEMISTRY COURSE. THIS PROGRAM IS NOT CHAINED TO THE 'INST' FILE.
SAMPLE	******	THIS IS A SAMPLE RUN OF CHESOS. IT WILL SHOW HOW THE PROGRAM WILL RUN AND ALSO HOW IT CAN FUNCTION AS A SAMPLE TEST FOR THE INSTRUCTOR TO USE.

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18-APr-77
S REM - THIS PROGRAM SHOULD RUN WITH THE FERNCINAL SET AT "WIDTH 81".
10 1 THIS PROGRAM PRINTS INSTRUCTIONS.
  ! THIS PROGRAM HAS BEEN PREPARED BY DR. JULIO GALLARDO AND MR. STEVEN
  ! DELGADO OF THE PHYSICAL SCIENCE DEDT. OF HOSTOS COMMUNITY COLLEGE, AND IS
   ! BEING SUBSIDIZED BY A GRANT FROM THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION, **********
IP PRINTNPRINTNPRINT.
50 PRINT, "THE FOLLOWING PRACTICE SESSIONS HAVE BEEN PREPARED FOR YOUR USE. BE-"
51 PRINT "FORE YOU START, PLEASE READ ALK INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY. MAKE SURE"
         "THAT YOU UNDERSTAND THEM COMPLETELY & BEFORE YOU ATTEMPT TO SOLVE ANXIO
53, ERINT "OF THE EROBLEMS THAT WILL BE PRESENTED. IF IN DOUBT, ASK THE INSTRUC-
54 FRINT TOR FOR ASSISTANCED PRINT PRINT
  FRINT "THE COMPUTER WILL FRINT PROBLEMS ON QUESTIONS DNE AT A TIME, AND IT
SS PRINT, "WILL WAIT FOR YOUR ANSWER BEFORE PROCEEDING, YOU WILL BEFALLOWED TWO!
AT PRINT "CHANGES TO COME UP WITH THE CORRECT ANSWER, IF YOU GIVE AN INCORRECT
48 FRINT TANSWER, THE COMPUTER WILL TELL YOU SO, AND WILL ERINT THE SAME PROB-
30 FRINT "LEM AGAIN. IF YOU ANSWER INCORRECTLY A SECOND TIME THE GOMPNIER WILL
70 PRINT PRINT THE CORRECT ANSWER AND WILL PROCEED TO THE NEXT PROBLEM, "OF "
71 FRINT, "COURSE OF YOUR FIRST ANSWER IS CORRECT THEN THE COMPUTER WILL AUTO-"
72 FRINT "MATICACLY PROCEED TO THE NEXT PROBLEM, "NERINT"
73 PRINT: "*****IN CASE OF "AN INCORRECT ANSWER WE SUBBEST: THAT YOU CHECK YOUR!
  PRINT CALCULATIONS FOR MISTAKES IN YOUR OFFRATIONS. ALSO CHECK THAT THE
  PRINT "NUMBERS YOU HAVE ARE THE SAME AS THOSE GIVEN BY THE COMPUTER."
  PRINTAPRINT
85 PRINT "*****IT IS BELIEVED THAT THESE EXERCISES WILL AELP TO IMPROVE YOUR"
SS PRINT SKILLS AND ALSO IMPROVE YOUR GRADES. REMEMBER THAT THESE ARESPRACTICE
  PRINT "SESSIONS AND ARE NOT EXAMS, THEREFORE, YOU WILL NOT RECEIVE ANY"
         "GRADE, THEY WILL TELL YOU WHAT YOUR WEAK AREAS ARE AND WILL HELP YOU"
         "TO IMPROVE THEM, "NFRINTNPRINT
95 PRINT
         "*****YOU WILL NOT BE ALLOWED TO USE CALCULATORS DURING THESE PRACTICE!
         "SESSIONS. PAPER WILL BE PROVIDED FOR YOU TO DO ALL WECKSBARY CALCUL":
  PRINT "LATIONS: THIS PAPER(S) SHOULD BE HANDED IN ALTHE END OF THE SESSION
  PRINT "SO THAT YOUR INSTRUCTOR CAN CHECK ON YOUR PROGRESS OR IMPROVEMENT AND "
  PRINT TMAKE POSSIBLE SUGGESTIONS AS TO THE NEXT STEPS YOU SHOULD FOLLOW.
100 PRINTYPRINTYPRINTYPRINT
110 SLEEP 35
120 PRINT "HERE ABE SOME HELPFUL HINTS: THAT WILL ENABLE YOU TO OPERATE THE"
   PRINT "COMPUTER WITH A MINIMUM OF DIFFICULTY. "NPRINT NEW YOR THE PRINT
   PRINT "1-xx00 NOT TYPE IN ANY INFORMATION THAT THE COMPUTER DOESN'T ASK FOR
   PRINTARATION
125 FRINT
         "2-xxwHen Typing The Information requested by The Computer / Do IT"
"226 FRINT "SLOWLY, IF YOU DO NOT KNOW HOW TO TYPE, JUST PRESS LIGHTLY ON THE"
   ERINT THEY (S) THAT YOU WANT, ONE BY ONE. "YPRINTYPRINT
130 FRINT 13-**ARTER YOU TYPE IN THE INFORMATION REQUESTED OR YOUR ANSWERS TO
131 PRINT "THE PROBLEMS, ALWAYS PRESS THE KRETURND KEY. THIS WAY THE COMPUTER
132 BRINT "KNOWS THAT YOU: HAVE FINISHED ANSWERING, "APRINTAPRINT
134 PRINT: "4-XXALWAYS ROUND OFF YOUR ANSWERS TO THE SECOND DECIMAL (EXCEPT IF"
55 PRINT FYOU ARE PRACTICING WITH INTEGERS, WHERE NO DECIMALS ARE REQUIRED),
   PRINTAPRINT
   PRINT ["***** EXAMPLE: "NPRINT
 3/PRINT TABCIBO "IF YOUR ANSWER IS 15.4524 JUEN TYPE
139 PRINT TAB(18) "IF YOUR ANSWER IS
                                      12.002 THEN TYPE . 12.01
100 PRINT TAB(18) "IF YOUR ANSWER IS
                                     -DIDDOOL FREN TYPE, OLOO
   工程集 [2]工人程代表的工
AS PRINT "THE FOLLOWING TOPICS ARE READY FOR YOUR USE: "NARINTNARINT
:46 FRINT TAB (37) "TOPIGS"
$P。伊斯斯科TA萨克亚科T
   PRINT TABYO) "14 INTEGERS" TAB(WO) " Z- METRIC SYSTEM DI "NORINT
   ESINT TAB(Q) "2- DECIMALS")TAB(AQ) St STOICHIOMSTRY NPRINT
    ZINT TAB(Q)"3- PROPORTIONS & DECIMALS TAB(40)"9- GAS LAWS I PRINT
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CHE008 10:01 3 18-Apr-77
1 REM - THIS IS A PROGRAM USED TO PRACTICE VARIOUS MATHEMATICAL OPERATIONS
NTERGERS.
2 THIS PROGRAM WAS DEVELOPED BY DR. JULIO GALLARDO POOF HOSTOS COMMUNITY
E, PHYSICAL SCIENCE DEPT., AND WAS SUBSIDIZED BY A GRANT FROM THE NATIONAL SCIENC
E FOUNDATION.....
4.01的 A(15), B(15)
 INPUT "CODE # 49 N9%)
6 IF - N9% = 1 THEN 50
9 PRINTAPRINT
10 INPUT: " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (TO, TYPE YOUR MAME: " ) AIS
  - TK上海中
  INFUT " AFTER THE QUESTION WARK (1) & TYPE YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER, 4:425
14 PRINTS YOUR NAMESTS, " ALT ", AND MOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER IS,
  PRINT
16 PRINT WEE ". ARE THEY CORRECT? SYPE
                                           TOP YES: OR 'N' FOR NO.
18 INPUT ASSIPRINT.
  「JFSAZが、年 "Y" THEN 50 1
20 IF A35 "H" THEN 10 ELSE PRINT " USE YY OR YNY ONLY HILLE
21 60 TO 10 5
  FOR Z = 1 TO 12
  IF Y > Z1 THEN 3000
55 RANDOMIZE
SS. RIHRND(Z)+INR2HRND(Z)+INR3HRND(Z)+INR4HRND(Z)+I
57. XL=INT(R1*125)\X2=INT(R2*225)\X3=INT(R3*175)\X4=ENT(R4*325)
53 X5=X1FX2\X6=X14X2+X3\X7=X1+X2+X3+X4\X8=X1*X2\X9=X1*X2*X3
57 Y1=X1xX2xX3xX4\Y2=X5xX3
60 M9%30\PRINT\PRINT
AN MANAMANATANEON HAR TOX TO 25%NIF MANAMAN 45 ELSE ERRANT TARCHAS TARCHAS H
32 PRINT TAB(25). "X" NIF M9%=2 THEN 35 ELSE PRINT TAB(10%) | "X") TAB(14%)
NARINI IINPRIHT TAB(28%) "*"NGOTO 61
56 C1=0
25 CleonFaterで
70 PRINT
100 IF Z=1 THEF FRINT X1"+"X2"=" \6(1)=X1+X2 .
       Z = 2 [HER PRINT X1"F"X2"5"X3"5" \6(2)5X14X24X3
       THE STHEN PRINT X5"-"X1" #" NA(3)=X5-X1
        = 4 FHEN PRINT XS"-"X1"=" \A(1)=X6-X1
          [5] THER PRINTHAS "F"X5" "-"X1" "" "X2" \" XA(5) \"X5 +X5 -X1-X2
          5 THER PRINT X8"4"X5"-"X5"=" '\A(6)=X84X54X6
          FIRED FRIME X1."X"X2."=" X A(7)=X1xX2
        ALHEN BERRET ACT KATAKATERASAD CORS ZORGINAKARAKSAKADAKS
             តែទៅស្រាស់ មាន ស្រាស់ ស្រា
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14

7-117-1174 - - - - 111-154 | 301 10:4 INFER BY FRIEDWARDER.
THE FRONT SESSION."
\$205 44187 FREE COMMENTERS A PARE FRANKS FOR THE WESTERN WAS TO SEE TO BE TO WESTERN TONS CORRECTLY WAY WARKEN o kalika ja kantan Mangalan kantan kan TO THE REPORT OF A PRINTED AND THE REPORT OF gangg bil Makamah siten Ana h 

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CHE108 10:08
                        18-Arr-77
 REMOTHIS IS A PRACTICE SESSION IN DECIMALS:
   THIS PROGRAM, WAS DEVELOPED BY DR. JULIO GALLARDO OF HOSTOS COMMUNITY COLLEGE,
AND WAS SUBSIDIZED BY A GRANT FROM THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION,
 INFUT "CODE # " > NIX\PRINT\PRINT\PRINT
  IF NIX = 1 THEN 49
 PRINT
  INPUT " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (P) FITTE YOUR NAME . . " : AL :
  PRINT
  INPUTOT AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (T); TYRE YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER, ") A2#
        To Your Name Tis., " !Ais). " . Sand Your Social Secu
  PRINTS "SIS, "A2s ". ARE THEY CORRECT? TYPE: YYS FOR TYES AND
                                                                   - FORANO.";
  INPUT ASS
25 IF A35="N" THEN 9 1 E
26, IE 93*<>"Y" THEN PRINTYPRINT TYPE YY OR YN ONLY!!!! "YPRINTYGOTO 20
  PRINT
49
   FOR Z = 1 JO 15
  Z RANDOMIZE
51 R1=RND(Z)+1\R2=RND(O)+1\R3=RND(1)±1\R4=RND(O)+1
  X1 = (INT(R1 \times 1225)) / 10 / X2 = (INT(R2 \times 888)) / 10
53-X3=(INT(R3x125))/100AX4=(INT(R4x225))/100
5) X5=(INT(R1*175))/1000NX6=(INT(R2*455))/1000
55 MZ=(INT(R3x7777))/100000NX8=(INT(R4x8545))/100000 -
56 YI=X1+X2NY2=X1+X2+X3NY3=X3XX4NY4=X4XX5
37 Y5=X7XX8
TO BEXEOURDANT VERTAL OF
 THEN 75 ELSE PRINT TAB(HZ) TO SOXNIF MOXXZ THEN 75 ELSE PRINT TAB(HZ) "X" (NNEXT HZ
72-ERINT TAB (31%) "X"NIE M9%=2% THEN 75 ELSE PRINT TAB(15%) "X")TAB(19%) "PROBLEM
'INFRINT ZANEPINT TAB(SIX) "X"NGOTO 71
  PRINT
  PRINTNERINT
      Z=1 THEN PRINT X1'+"X2"="\a(1)=Y1
   TE T =2 THEM PRINT X1"+"X2"+"X3"="\A(2)=Y2
      Z=4 THEY PRINT XI"+"X3"+"X4"+"X5"="X5"=="\A(4)=X1+X3+X4+X5
   IF REAL THER PRINT X1"+" X3" P"X2"=" \A(3)=Y2
       2 * S * THE Y PRINT Y L !! * THE Y TACS ) = Y L - X L
      Z=3 THEN PRINT X1EXFEXS"-"X7"="\A(3)=X1EXFEXSEX7
      Z=Z_THEN PRINT 'Y2"-"X3"="\A(J)=Y2-X3
      Z=6 THEN PRINT X74X84X3"+"X2*-"X3"-"X7"="\A(8)=X8+X
      Z=9 THEN PRINT X1"X"X2"="\A(9)=X1%X2
      Z=10 THEN PRINT X1"X"X2"="NA(10)=X1*X2
   IF Zoil THEN ERINT WINK"X"X"X"X"A"="AA(II)=X1#XN3#X4.
   IF Z=12 THEN PRING 43"/"X3" = "NACL2) = 337X3
   IF-ZHIS THEN PRINT XVILLX8"="NA(13)=X75x8
      秦代人在名曲(在主)何之"""大"之"大"之"","对主刘宁,还进赶了。 打走电影
      ZGLYO-THEN PAINT YA"/"X" = "NAKLE)=YAZXE.
   BRINT
   IF YINGL THEN 125.
                  TOUR AMOURE TO 2----
   HE OMEROCED ACTION OF THERE YOU ELSE PRINT " CORRECT!!! "NERINT
             THEM: 9475 .
NO CITE FIRERINTREF CITE THEN PRINT " YOU ARE ENCOPRED " TRY AGAIN. " ELSE PRINT
     / GRE WRONG AGAIN: THE CORRECT AUSUER IS
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CHE208 10:03
                         19-Apr-77
 REN - THIS PROGRAM IS USED TO PRACTICE HOW TO SOLVE PROPORTIONS AND HOW TO SOLVE
E SIMPLE PERCENT PROBLEMSNO
2 1 THIS PROGRAM WAS DEVELOPED BY DR. JULIO GALLARDO, OF HOSTOS COMMUNITY COLLEGE
, AND WAS SUBSIDIZED BY A GRANT FROM THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION,
A PRINT/PRINTS . . . .
5 DIM A(20), B(20)
5 INPUT "CODE (# ") NEXSIE NEESTHEN 50
Z FRINTAPŘÍNTÁPRÍNŤUC 🛞.
10 INPUT " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK ((7)) TYPE YOUR NAME ? "!AI'S
11, PRINT
12 IMPUT " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK ( ?) - TYPE YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBERS " ) A2$
19 PRINT " YOUR NAME IS, " AID ", AND YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER IS, "NAMENA
15 PRINT ARE THEY CORRECT? TYPE YY' FOR YES OR (N' FOR NO. ")
18 IF ASS = "Y" THEN SO EUSE IF ASS "N" 10 ELSE FRINT "
                                                                  TO TO NO. TO THE
PILL "NEWTHINGTOIDS
均分 医白色 艺 = 1 1
52 RANDOMIZE
55 R1 = RNO(Z)+1\R2=RND(0)+1\R3=RND(0)+1\R4=RND(0)+1-
LA X1=(INT(450*R1))/100\X2=(INT(750*R2))/100\X3=(INT(545*R3))/100-
SS X4=(INT(5604R4))/100\X5=(X14X4)/(X24X3)
36 X6=CINT(1250$R1))/100\X7=(INT(1350*R2))/100\X8=GINT(1450*R3))/100\PRINT<sub>::</sub>
TATEMENT THEREAST
50 C1 =0.
SP NYWENDRAFIAFOR HEEZOX TO BANNIF MOZOZZ THEN 65 ELSE PRINT TAB(HZ) "*") NNEXT HZ
SO PEINT TAB(37%) "*"AIF MOX=2 THEN 65 ELSE PRINT TAB(20%) "x" (TAB(24%) "PROBLEM"
FARRINT ZEMPRINT TABOSZAJENKE NGOTO 58.
SO PRINTARRING TO
       Z = 1 THEN PRINT "X : "X2"; "X3"; "X4 \A(1)=(X2*X3)/X4
200 IF
       Z = 2 THEN PRINT X1 1 X1: X2: X2 - X3 - XA(2) = (X1*X3)/X2:
       Z = D THEN PRINTSX1":"X2":: X :"X3/\A\3)=X1*X37X2
       X= = 0 THEN PRINT X1":"X2":1"X3": X ""\A(4)=X2xx3/X1.
          5 INTEN PRINT "X 3 "X1" (1 "X2") "X3 \A(5) = X1 x X2/ X3
         4 6 THEN PRINT-X1":"Y2":: X:"X3 \A(6)=(X1*X3)/X2 *
       A F 7 THEN ERISE "X V!X1 !E XX"/"X3 NA(7)=\X13X13X2)/X3
         4-3 ]HEA BRINT X1"XX = 1 X2"/"X3 | \1(8) = 4X18X3)/X2
         HIT THEN PRINT XET / X2 T=X / X3 (A(9) = (X1 x X 3) / X2
               THEM PRINT X1"7"32"="X3"7 %1 NA(10)=X2*X3/X1
              THERETER SHE MARE TO THE TATE OF WHAT HUMBERT! NACES ARE RECORDER
               THEM PROMITED THE " IPTIZXXI) "X OF WHAT MUMBERT "NAVLESPXIXIOOXIES
         A THE FMEN PRINT NO A, IS WHAT PERCHAT OF MAY NACLED ALGORATION AND 
TO BY THEN PRINT WATTER WHAT READERT OF MOVING ACLAURICE WEARCH WAS
           (14) CHATE BA INIT TERRET (18) "KARTO QA - 1 DA 17 (CARCES) - KURKYAL (18)
            Mary Held Tracking The Mary Committee of the Talkov
                                                        WHO TRAINER OF A TOO
                                      BE TANKBET DE
                                                    1 3 - ELSE PRINTS
```

CORRECT!!!

A PRINT AND ANSWERED THIS SESSION PRINT ( ) PRINT ( ) AS ANSWERED " S " PROBLEMS CORRECTLY, "XPRINT , TO REVENERATION TO HERE ARE THE CORRECT ANSWERS AND ! ALE "'S ANSWERS: COS BEST TARCOSTREGELENTO DE CISTO CORRECT ANGUER, TARCAOT STUDENT ANGUER TRANCE ALL TO 12 NERTHY NAB(5) (Z)ELSE PRINT TAB(4) (Z) Done LEME 4.10 THEM PRINT NAB(D) 1.2xxxxxx PRINT NO. CREWT USING 1/2 PRINT NAB(D) 4(Z) 3(2) PRINT NAB(NO. CREWT) NAB(NO. CREW 18

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18-AFR-77
 REM - THIS IS A FRACTICE SESSION IN THE METRIC SYSTEM.>>>>>>>>>>
  I THIS PROGRAM HAS BEEN DEVELOPED BY DR. JULIO GALLARDO FOR HOSTOS COM
MUNITY COLLEGE, AND WAS SUBSIDIZED BY A GRANT FROM THE NATIONAL SCIENCE
DIM A(20), B(20)-
 INPUTA (COOR & "FANIX)PRINT\PRENT\PRINT
THEN, 50
3 RRINTYPHINT " YOU MUST GIVE YOUR ANSWERS TO THREE DECIMAL PRACES.
INPUT TAFTER THE QUESTION MARK (T), TYPE YOUR WAKE: " ALS
LA PRINTY THEUT PAFTER THE QUESTION MARK TT) TYPE YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY
村は竹倉田R。 □ 🖊 台2ず
15 PRINT
ZO PRINT/" YOUR NAME IS! "FAIS? ", AND YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER 'SPRI
  PRINT "ISA "ALS AND THEY CORRECT? TYPE Y FOR YES AND THE HOR NO
  INPUT: A35 APRIAL
  IF d3s = "N" THEN LO
     A34 CHY THEN FRINT TYPE YYY OR YNY ONLYCHITT YPRINTSCOTO 20
  RANDOMIZE ", 董
  FOR Z=1-TO 15
  「我J供RND(Z)計137
  X∮= [(INT(2560*R15)√100NX2=(INT(1345*R1))/100]
  JE X FOO THEN 52
   #F-X2=0 THEN 52
   PRIMTYPRINT
  IF ZELO THEN BRINT
                               " ELSE PRINT
                   PROBLEM "
  IF ZKIO THEN PRINT .
                               ********* " ELSE ERINT "
 《本学学》(4.1
#SCERINTNERINT
OO IF I THEN PRINT "HOW MANY METERS IN TOKATIMETERS? "NACLAEX
105 IF Z-2 THEN PRINT" HOW MANY/CENTIMETERS IN "/XI, "KILOMETERS?"
≅K4.8±00000
10 IF ZHO THEN PRINT " HOW MANY MILLIMETERS IN "XI T METERS PAA(3)=X1
115 IF Z=4. THEN PRINT " HOW MANY KILOMETERS IN T X1 7 DECIMETERS? "NA(4)
exist a cocia
   TF Z=5 THEN_PRINT " HOW MANY METERS IN " X1." MILLIMETERS? "NA(5) =
      Z=6 THEN PRINT " HOW MANY FT. IN " X1 " IN. 3 "NA(6)=X1/12
Z =7 THEN PRINT " HOW MANY MILES IN " X2." FT, ? "NA(7)=X2/5280
      Z=8 THEN PRINT " HOW MANY INCHES IN "XI " MILEST "XA(8)=X1*5280.
      Z=9 THEM PRINT " HOW MANY MILLILITERS IN " X1 " LIYERS? "NA(9) = X
IS IF Z=10 THEN PRINT " HOWMANY LBS. IN " X2 " GRANS?
                                                      /\A(10)=X2/454,
      Z=11 THEN FRINT "/HOW MANY LITERS IN " X1 " QUARTS? "NAC11) =X1/1
   TF Z=12 THEN PRINT " HOW MANY CENTIMETERS IN " XX / INCHES? "NA(12)=
ISO IF 2-13 THEM PRINT! HOW MANY GALLONS IN " KI " KILOLITERST "NACLEY"
FRE MEOSO) ZA
  IF INTO THEN EXTEL " HOW HANY KILOGRAMS IN " X2 / LES " " \A(14) =
 O IF 1-15 THEN PRINT " HEW MANY MILLIMETERS IN "
                                                水に " MILES?" NACES)#X
     នេសទី១១៥
ERIC NIME THEN 200
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----- REWENA AUDY" TURNITATION

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|31 | | ABS(A(Z) B(Z)) | OOL THEN 1000 ELSE PRINT CORRECT! |
82 S=S+1/IF Z=/15 THEN: 499'
100 NEXT Z
179 IF N1%#1 THEN 514
    PRINT/ MOUR SESSION HAS ENDED FREASE CALL YOUR INSTRUCTOR.
501 INPUT K%
IO2 PRINT
503 PRINT " THE STUDENT " AIR ", HAS COMPLETED THIS SESSION. "NPRINT
304 PRINT ALS ", HAS ANSWERED " S " QUESTIONS CORRECTLY. "NPRINT
505 PRINTAPRINTAPRINTA" HERE ARE THE CORRECT ANSWERS AND "ALT "S ANSWER
BUT MERINT :
506 GOTO 515
51A PRINTAPRINTAPRINTAPRINTAPRINTAPRINTAPRINTAPRINTAPRINTAPRINTAPRINT
315 PRINT TAB(5)}"PROBLEM";TAB(18) "CORRECT ANSWERS": #TAB(40) - "STUDENT'S
316 FRINT TAB(5) "******* ) TAB(18) "************* ) TAB(40) "**********
家家# NPRINT | |
517 FOR Z=1 70.15 VIF Z<10 THEN PRINT TAB(6) 7/Z) ELSE TRINT TAB(5)
518 PRINT TAB(20) *(A&Z);
519 PRINT TAB(02) * B(Z)
520 NEXTA
521 GOTO 2000
1000 C1=C1+1
1001 IF C1=1 THEN PRINT(" YOU ARE INCORRECT; TRY AGAIN:" EUSE PRINT
U. ARE WRONG AGAIN. THE CORRECT ANSWER IS -----
1002/IF CL=2 THEN FRINT USING "非非非非非非非。非非非", (《2)
1005 IF C1=1 THEN 180 ELSE 200
3000 EMD
REAUY
                                     20
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CHE408 /09;50**
                       18-APR-77
S REM- THIS IS A MORE DIFFICULT PRACTICE SESSION IN THE METRIC SYSTEM.
6 ! THYS PROGRAM, WAS DEVELOPED BY DR. JULIO GALLARDO AND MR. STEVEN DELG
ADO OF HOSTOS COMMUNITY COLLEGE AND WAS SUBSIDEZED BY A GRANT FROM THE
- INPUT " CODE A " IN NEX SERINT SPRINT SPRINT
  TENNIX =14 THEN 350
15 INPUT " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (T) , TYPE YOUR NAME. " FAIR
                ARTER THE BUESTION MARK(?), TYPE YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY M
IO PRINTAINPUT "
UMBER A "DA2sNPR在NT。"
20 PRINT TYOUR NAME IS . "FAIRE ", AND YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER ! NPRI
21 PRINT ! IS JUACE " > AKE THEY CORRECT? > IYPE YYY MOR YES OR THY FOR O
   可用的工具的。
第15年10日中心电影的。工程可以
Coulerage / The Phenering of Type (Y', or 'n', only !!!! "Terentagoto co
SIRANDOMIZE .
豊時・米等時で工程で付える米原料原土より終土ののメントよのの大名が重要工程で(19米RN原生より来土のの))ノ土のの。
$5 X5=CINT(($%KND+1)*1000))V1000)
  %6=(INT(X1*X2*100))/100\X7≒√INT(X1*X2/10,9728))/100
SZ PRINT
60 PRINT/ " PROBLEM "Z
61 PRINTS XXXXXXX XX "NPRINT
65 C1=0
100 IF/Z=1 THEN PRINT " A CAR MOVES WITH A SPEED OF " X1 "KM/HR, EXPRESS
                     "N:A(L) = XiX1000Z3600
STHIS /SPEED IN M/SEC.
     Z=2 THEN FRINT, " THE DENSITY OF AN OBJECT IS " X5 "GZML. WHAT IS
ITS DENSITY IN LEVEAL T "NA(2) = X5% 4000/(454*1,06)
103 AF Z 3 THEN PRINT " HOW MANY FILSEC ARE THERE IN " X6 "MVHR? "NA(3)=
$00/IF>Z=4 THENSPRINT ".ASBOX HAB THE DIMENSIONS "X2"CM X "X3 "FT X "X4;
105 IF Z=4 THEN PRINT % CALCULATE RTS VOLUME IN CUBIC CENTIMETERS. "NAC4
 X2XX3XX4x30.48x2.54r
LOS IF Z=5 THEN PRINT " A&MAN WALKE, "XON METERS, " 645xX7 "YARDS, "875x
XIPTEETKEHD "LXD-" CENTIMETERS, PHOW MANY HILES DID HE WALKTIT
107-IF-Z=5 THEN A(5)=X6/1600)+-X2X445/1760 +375*X1/5280 4X5/160000+>
110 IF ZE S THEN PRINT " YOU HAVE A "/X1 "GALLON FISH TANK, AND YOU USE
   X2 "LITER CONTAINER TO FILL IT & HOW MANY OF THESE CONTAINERS DILL IT
 TAKET
111 IF. Z=6 THEN A(6) = (X1x3.77)/x2
LIS IF Z=7 THEN FRINT " IF A LIQUED HAS A DENSITY-OF " X5 "G/ML/-AND YOU
HAVE ' X1 "LB OF THE SAME LIQUING HOW MANY GALLONS DO YOU HAVE?
tis IF Z=Z-THEN A(Z) = Xix.12/X5₩
 20 IF 2-8 THEN PRINT " IF CAR 1 28 TRAVELLING AT " 4822 "MYSEC, AND CAR
  IS TRAVELLING AT " X1 "MIZHR, AND THEY ARE GOING A DISTANCE OF TEST THE
TA WHICH WILL BE THE FIRST TO ARRIVE? "
22:TE Zee Then if 4**2*9/4 > X1 (Then A<8)=1% else A(8)=2%:
   TER THEN PRINT " HOW MANY SECONDS WILL IT TAKE A CAR TRAVELLING A
     Thirtie
           .TO COVER A DISTANCE DEF."X1 "KM7" NA(9) = (X1*2250)/X3
30 IF Z=10 THEN PRINT "YOU HAVE MELICUID WITH A DENSITY OF "XS" "GZML,
OF A CONTAINER WITH A CAPACITY OF 1 X2 CUBIC FEET, "
IL IF Z-10 THEN FRINT. HOW MANY WILLOGRAMS OF THIS LIQUID WILL FILL THE
CONTAINERT "NA(10) = X5xX2x28.31605
    IF MINHI THEN/200
S79 PRIMT
180 PRINTS INPUT - "
                   YOUR ANSWERS
   TE NES(A(Z)-B(Z)) . . . OF THEN $000 GUSE PRINT " CORRECTIVITY
ERICSFINITE Z=10 THEN 500
```

300 PRINT: "-YOUR PRACTICE SESSION HAS ENDED: PLEASE CALL YOUR INSTRUCTOR .ĕ"\PRINT 301 INPUT KX 503 FRINT N FRINT 305 PRINT # THE STUDENT " AIS "> HAS COMPLETED THIS SESSION. "YPRINT 306 PRINT A15 ", HAS ANSWERED " S " QUESTIONS CORRECTLY. "NPRINT 509 PRINTYPRINTYPRINTYPRINTYPRINT 510 PRINT " HERE ARE THE CORRECT ANSWERS AND 520 PRINTY TRINTNERS TYPE INTERINTNERS HTTERS HITTERS HITT EMP (TAB (20) CORRECT ANSWERS "STAB (45), "STUDENT/ 二 " 本家 米 宋 家 宋 宗 535 PRINT 540 FOR Z#1 TO 10 PRINT TARY87//Z# 50年 产事之"来非非非非关诉非"] 542 PRINT TAB(22) 1: 17 PRINT USING FAR A(Z) 4: 1 550 PRINT, TAB(48) / (B(Z) ) 560 NEXT Z 570 GD TO 2000 TOOO CI=CITINFRINT 1005 IF C1=1 THEN PRINT "YOU ARE INCORRECT, TRY AGAIN. " ELSELPRINT 1006 IE C1=1 THEN 180 ELSE IF Z=8 THEN FRINT "CAR # " A(8) ELSE FRINT US 至2000("非非明非非非实明非"(y)為《之》多三 HOOV IF Z=1 THEN PRINTS "MYSEC" ELSE IF Z=2 THEN PRINT " LB/GAL" ELSE IF INS THEN PRINT " FIXSEC" ELSE IF Z=4 THEN PRINT, " C+C." FLSE IF Z=5 THE N PRINT "MILES " ELSE IF Z=6 THEN PRINTS" CONTAINERS." 1008 IF Z=Z THEN PRINT " GALLONS" ELSE IF Z=9 THEN PRINT " SEC. " ELSE I F Z=10 THEN PRINT " KILUGRAMS " 1009 PRINT 1010 IF C1=1 THEN 100 ELSE 200 2000: END.

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CHE508 13:03
                        19-Apr-77
!' THIS PROGRAM HAS BEEN PREPARED BY DR. WHID GAT ARDO, OF TO
                                                                  OS COMMUNITY.
    COLLEGE? AND WAS SUBSIDIZED BY A GPAR TO THE MATIONAL SE
                                                                   FOUN
5 INPUT .
                  CODE # " MX
6 PRINTAPPAINT
10 IF M%=1 THEN 39
11 INPUT " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?), TYPE YOUR NAME,
12 PRINTN INPUT " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?), TYPE YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER.
"FA2$\FRINT
13 PRINT " YOUR NAME IS, "; A15; ", AND YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER "NERINT
14 PRINT " 15, " A24 ". ARE THEY CORRECT? TYPE TYPE TYPE AND THE FOR NO.
15 INPOT A3$ \FRINT
  IF A3*="N" THEN 11
17 IF A3$<> "Y" THEN PRINT " TYPE, YY OR YNY ONLY LILL! "NPRINTNGOTO 13
39 INFUT " HOW MANY PROBLEMS DO YOU WANT "; N "
40 Fs = "非非非非非非。非非"
48 ITM A(25), B(25)
50 IF L=0 THEN51 ELSE IF L=1 THEN 52 ELSE IF L=2 THEN 53ELSE IF L=3 THEN 54
51 FOR Z=1 TO N \GOTO55
52 FOR Z1=N+1 TO N+B%\GOTO 55
53 FOR Z2= N+1+B% TO N+B%+C%\GOTO 55
54 FOR Z3= N+1+BZ+CZ TO N+BZ+CZ+DZ
55 RANDOMIZE
60 X4=(INT(100%(9%RND.+1)))/100 \X2=(INT(100%(9%RND.+1)))/100
65 X3=(INT(100*(70*RND +20)))/100\X4=(XNT(100*(65*RND +15)))/100
66 X5=(INT(100*(499*RND +500)))/100\X6=(INT(100*(1000*RND +1000)))/100
67 X1%=INT(X2)\X7=(INT(100*(5*RNI) +15)))/100\X8=(INT(100*(20*RND +15)))/100
69 C1=0\FRINT\FRINT\FRINT
71 BRINT TAB(15) *PROBLEM " Z :
72 IF Z<10 THEN PRINT TAB(15) "********* ELSE PRINT TAB(15) "**********
73 PRINT\FRINT
     IF Z<> 1 THEN 110 ELSE PRINT " A BRASS BAR WEIGHING X X4 "LBS IS MADE OF TX
3. "% ZINC AND THE BALANCE OF "
101 PRINT "COPPER. HOW MANY LBS. OF COPPER DOES IT CONTAIN? "
102 \text{ A}(1) = \text{X4} - ((\text{X3} \times \text{X4})/100)
110 IF Z<>2 THEN 120 ELSE PRINT " A TRUCK CARRYING " X5 " LBS OF COAL WEIGHED " X
ර " LBS 🥕
111 PRINT "WHAT PERCENT OF THE TOTAL WEIGHT WAS DUE TO THE WEIGHT OF THE TRUCK?"
112 A(2) = (100 \times (X6 - X5)) / X6
120 IF, Z<>3 THEN 130 ELSE FRINT " HOW MANY SHEETS OF METAL 17" X1% " INCHES THICK
 ARE THERE IN A PILE " X4 " INCHES
121 PRINT "HIGH?"
122 \text{ A}(3) = X4 \times 12
130 IF Z 4 THEN 140 ELSE PRINT " A ROOF IS TILED AT A COST OF $" X1 " PER SQUARE FOOT, IF THE ROOF MEASURE " X3 " X " X4 " FEET, WHAT IS THE COST OF THE JOB? "
    A(4) = INT(100*X1*X3*X4)/100
140 IF Z 5 THEN 150 ELSE PRINT " AN OBJECT MOVES " X4 " FEET EVERY " X2 " SECOND
S. HOW MANY FEET WOULD IT TRAVEL AFTER " X1 " HOURS?"
142 A(5) = (3600 * X1 * X4) / X2
150 IF Z >6 THEN 160 ELSE FRINT " IF AN AUTOMOBILE RUNS " X3 " MILES ON " X2 " GA
LLONS OF GAS, HOW FAR WOULD IT!
151 FRINT, "GO ON A FULL " X7 " GALLONS TANK?
152 A(6)= (INT(100*X3*X7/X2+5))/100
150 IF Z > 7 THEN 170 ELSE PRINT " IF A POLE " XZ " FEET HIGH CASTS A SHADOW "
" FEET LONG, HOW LONG A SHADOW "
181 PRINT "WOULD, A " X8 " FEET HIGH POLE, CAST?
162 A(7)=(INT(100*X1*X8/X7))/100 T
170 IF Z<> 8 THEN 190 ELSE PRINT " " X5 " LITERS OF A LIQUID, HAVE A WEIGHT OF " X
3 TO S. HOW MANY LBS OF THE
```

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171 FRINT "LIQUID WOULD BE USED IN AN EXPERIMENT, THAT CALLS FOR " X4 " LITERS? "
172 A(8) = (INT(100*X8*X4/X5))/100
190 IF Z >> THEN 200 ELSE FRINT " A BAR, " X1 " METER LONG, WEIGHS " X2 "GRAMS. H
JW MANY GRAMS WOULD, A SIMILAR "
           "BAR " X3 " METER LONG, WEIGH? "
191 PRINT
192° A(9) = (INT(-100 \times X2 \times X3/X1))/100
200 IF Z 10 THEN 210 ELSE PRINT " A TRAIN MAKES A TRIP IN " X8 " HOURS TRAVELLIN
3 AT A SPEED OF " X7 " MPH.IF A"
201 FRINT "SECOND TRAIN, MAKES THE SAME TRIP IN " X4" HOURS, HOW FAST DOES
202 FRINT "IT MOVEST "\A(10)=(INT(100*XB*X4/X7))/100
210 IF Z<>11 THEN 215 ELSE PRINT " A SUBSTANCE IS COMPOSED OF " X2 " GRAMS OF HYD
ROGEN, "X3 " GRAMS OF SULFUR"
211 PRINT "AND "X5 " GRAMS OF OXYGEN. WHAT IS THE PERCENT OF OXYGEN FOUND IN THE
212 PRINT "SUBSTANCE? "NA(11)=(INT(100*(X5%100)/(X2+X3+X5)))/100
215 IF Z<>12 THEN 220 ELSE PRINT " IN THE FOLLOWING FORMULA, D= ATG D HAS THE VA
   " X1 ", T HAS THE VALUE " X2" AND"
216 PRINT "G HAS THE VALUE "XX/" - WHAT IS THE VALUE OF A? "Y A(12) #X1/(X2*XX)
220 IF Z<>13 THEN 225 ELSE PRINT ! 'A SUGAR SOLUTION IS FREPARED MIXING " X3 " MIL
LILITERS OF WATER AND " X4 " GRAMS OF SUGAR"
221 PRINT "HOW MANY GRAMS OF SUGAR SHOULD BE MIXED WITH" X2 " MILLILITERS OF WAT
ER, TO "
222 PRINT
           "OBTAIN A SIMILAR SOLUTION? * \A(13)=(X4*X2)/X3
225 IF Z<>14 THEN 230 ELSE PRINT " THE COST OF A 3 LBS RAG OF COFFEE WAS 4" X1 "
LAST MONTH. TODAY THE SAME BAG"
226 PRINT *COST $" X2 ** WHAT WAS THE PERCENT INCREASE PER LBS OF COFFEE? *NA(14)
=(X2-X1)*100/X1
230 IF MX=1 THEN 297
231 PRINT\PRINT
                                       " (Z)
250 INPUT * YOUR ANSWER -----
252 IF ABS(A(Z)-B(Z))>.02 THEN 498 ELSE PRINTAPRINTAPRINT
                                                                      CORRECT!!!
    S1=S1+1
295 IF Z=N+BX+CX+DX THEN 2015
297 IFL=0 THEN 304 ELSE IF L=1 THEN 303 ELSE IF L=2 THEN 302 ELSE IF L=3 THEN 301
301 Z=Z+1\NEXT Z3
302 Z=Z+1\NEXT Z2
303 Z=Z+1\NEXT Z1
304 NEXT Z
497 GOTO 2015 ·
498 FRINT.
500 C1=C1+1/IF C1=1 THEN PRINT ' YOU ARE INCORRECT. TRY AGAIN. " ELSE PRINT ' YOU
ARE WRONG AGAIN. THE CORRECT ANSWER IS -----
502 IF C1=1 THEN 230
503 PRINT USING Est A(Z)
505 GOTO 297
1500 GOTO 2000
1990 IF MX=1 THEN 1994 ELSE PRINT A THE STUDENT / A15 / HAS ENDED THIS SESSION.
"\PRINT
1991 PRINT A1% ", HAS ANSWERED " S1 ", QUESTIONS CORRECTLY.
1992 PRINT.
1993 PRINT " HERE ARE " A15 "/S.ANSWERS AND THE CORRECT ANSWERS.
1994 FRINTNERINTNERINTNERINT
2000 PRINT TAB(3) "PROBLEM")TAB(15) "CORRECT ANSWER";TAB(35) = "STUDENT ANSWER"
2001 FRINT TAB(3) "******* ") TAB(15) "************* ") TAB(35) "**************
2002 PRINTNERINT
2005 FOR Z=1 TO N + B% + C% + D%
2007 PRINT TAB( 6)//Z)
2009 FRINT TAB (18)//A(Z);
2010 PRINT (TAB(39) //B(Z)
2014 NEXT 2
2015 ELFINFRINTNERINT
ERICE Q$ = "NO" THEN 3000
```

NEUT ' DO YOU WANT MORE FROBLEMS ') Q#

2021 PRINT\PRINT
2030 IF Q%="YES" THEN 2031 ELSE 1990
2031IF L=1 THEN Z=Z+1 ELSE IF L=3 THEN Z=Z-1
2032 IF L=1 THEN 2038 ELSE IF L=2 THEN 2040 ELSE IF L=3 THEN 2042 ELSE IF L=4 THE N 3000
2038 INPUT "HOW MANY PROBLEMS "; EZ\GOTO 52
2040 INPUT "HOW MANY PROBLEMS "; CZ\GOTO 53
2042 INPUT "HOW MANY PROBLEMS "; DZ\GOTO 54
2050 GOTO 55
3000 END

HE608, 10:33 18-Apr-77;

- S PRINTSPRINTSPRINTS
- IS PRINT " THE COMPUTER WILL PRINT AN UNBALANCED CHEMICAL EQUATION "NPRINT
- S PRINT . "YOU WILL TYPE IN YOUR ANSWER GETER THE QUESTION MARK (?) ! "NPRINT PRINT PRINT
- FREINT " FOUR ANSWER SHOULD BE TYPED IN USING THE FORM (1,9,6,7,ETC. /. YOUR
- S PRINT "ANSWER SHOULD INCLUDE ANY COEFFICIENTS THAT MAY BE EQUAL TO ONE,"
- FRINT "EVEN THOUGH THIS IS USUALLY NOT DONE, \*
- 10 PRINTAPRINTAPRINT
- TI FOR I H I TO ZNERINI TABESTI) "X" (NORXI +I
- 12 PRINTAPRINT TAB(6) "EXAMPLE" To the
- IT FOR I H I TO 7 NERTHY TAR(5+I) "X"; NEXT I
- 19 PRINTYPRINTYPRINT
- 15 FRINT TAB(12) "HCL FA NOOH ---> NOCL + HO" O" NFRINT TAB(43) "2" NFRINT NFRINT
- IS PRINT TYOUR ANSWER WILL LOOK LIKE THIS: THIS: TRENT
- IS PRINT " IF YOURSHOULD ANSWER ANY QUESTION WRONG TWICE THE COMPUTER WILL"
- 19 PRINT "TYPE OUT THE CORRECT ANSWER AND ALSO THE BALANCED EQUATION, HOWEVER, "
- 20 PRINT ATHE COMPUTER WILL PRINT THE BALANCED EQUATION ONLY WITH COEFFICIENTS"
- 30 RANDOMIZE
- 90 RANDOMIZE
- 95 SX= INT(3xRND+1%)
- PS PRINT SX
- 102 IF SX=1 THEN CHAIN "EQUATE" ELSE IF SX=2 THEN CHAIN "EQUATS" ELSE IF SX=3 THE PLOTATE "EQUATS" ELSE IF SX=4 THEN CHAIN "EQUATS"
- LOGO, EMO

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12:09
                       - 18-Apr-726 - 1
I BEN- THIS IS A PRACTICE SESSION IN BALANCING CHEMICAL EQUATIONS.
 IN THIS PROGRAM HAS BEEN DEVELOPED BY DEV. JULIO GALLARDON AND MR. STEVEN DELGADO
FOR HOSTOS COMMUNITY COLLEGE, AND WAS SUBSIDIZED BY A GRANT FROM THE NATIONAL SC
TENCE FOUNDATION.
3 PRININERINTABRINT
  INPUT " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?) , TYPE YOUR NAME. " JAISTPRINT
          AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (TY) TYPE YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER: "3 A2*XF
5 PRINTS" YOUR NAME IS. " A150 ". AND YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER "NPRINT
THRINT " IS A PARE THEY CORRECT? TYPE KYY FOR YES OR THY FOR NO.
8 TNPUT A3% NEERINT
FIF ASS - THEN 3
10 IF A39 THEN PRINT " TYPE YY' OR YN' ONLYLLLL YN NERINT NGOTOS
59 TIM ASCIDALONNIM BROLOMIONDIM CROSTON
35 D$(T+1)=" 2x4,2 "YD$(2x1)=" 1y3,2 "YD$(3x1)=" 4x11,2x8 "YD$(4x1)="2x2,3 "YD$(
67 D$ (192)=" 291,192 -"ND$ (292)= " 194,1 "ND$ (3,2)="K1,1,1,4 "ND$ (4,2)=" 2,2,2,1,4
"ND%(5,2)=". 2,15,10,12 " ...
99 ALE . CORRECT!!! "NELT " WHAT ARE THE CORRECT COEFFICIENTS
100 A等61v1) = " H - "
                                  H 0.
                     2.
101 Bart 1, 10 = 4 2
                                   €2
102 A$K2,49="N
                             TTT NH
                     11
103.B${2}1)=*
104 A$(3,1)=" FeS ~
                     ()
                                     Fe ()
105 B$(3/1)="
196, A$ (4,71) = " | KC10 | .
                                      : () : u
107, B*(4,1)="
OMH
145 A$(1,2)=" NaCl. +
                       H SO
   . 6$(2)2)="Nin". Nin".
118 B# (2/2)=" w
117 As(3,2)=" (NH ) Cr 0
120 Bs(3,2)=" 4 2 2 2 7
                                           Cr O
121/35(4,2)=" KrE/ + H O --- Kr
122 (8*(4)2)=" . . 2.
123 M $ (5727=" C H OH +
                          - 0
124 B$ (5,2)=" 5 11 -
· · · ()
301 C# (2, 1) = " N + 3H ...
304 C$(5,1)="3H S + 2HNO .---> 38
510 C$(1)2)="2NaC1 + H SO --->
                                       Na '90
311 C = (2 + 2) = "Ni + 400 --- Ni(00) = 312 C = (3 + 2) = "ANH ) C + 0 --- N +
                                 : N J + GCr O
                                                  + *4H ()
                   + 2H 'O ---- 2Kr +
343 C$ (4,2)="2KrF
314 C*(5,2)="20 H OH + 150 > ---> 1000
400 RANDOMIZENI#(INT(4xRND #1.5))\C1=0
301 IF Z1=1 THEN IF II=以X THEN 300
102 IF Z1=2 THEN IF I-VZ THEN 300 ELSE IF VIX-1 THEN 300
      ZI#3 THEN IF I#VX THEN 400 ELSE IF VIX-I THEN 400 ELSE IF U2X-I THEN 400
ADALIF ZIFA THEN IF IFUX THEN 400 ELSE IF VIXEL THEN, 400 ELSE IF IFUZZ THEN 400 E
ISM "IF II= V3% THEN 400.
105 IF ZI=5 THEN IF I=VX THEN 400 ELSE IF I=V12 THEN 400 ELSE IF I=V22 THEN 400 E
ISE AF INVENTHEN 400 ELSE IF ANDAY THEN 400
   FOR JELSTO 2NOI-014INFRINTNERINT " PROBLEM " QINIF QIELO THEN ERINI:
XX: A" ELSE PRINT:
                    水水水水水水水
                             - 孝孝二
OF PRINTAPALATION (L. I) #8 THING/(L. I) #6 THINGALATA
      KXAL THEN 803
      J=1 THEN IF 1=3 THEN 470 ELSE IF 1=5 THEN 480 ELSE 460
```

J=2 THEN IF I=2 THEN 460 ELSE IF I=4 THEN 480 ELSE 470

460 INPUT//ANXAMXABX 461 GOTO 500° 470 INFUT- ( ) NZ MZ FZ FZ OZ \$71 GOTO 510 480 INPUT/ 79NZ, MZ, PZ, TQZ, RZ 481 GOTO 520 500 IF U=1 THEN IF I=1 THEN 503 ELSE IF I=2 THEN 505 ELSE IF I=4 THEN 507 501 IF, J=2 THEN IF I=2 THEN 509 - IF.N%<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF M%<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF F% <>2 THEN 800 ELSE 60T090 505 IF NX 01 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>3 THEN 800 ELSE IF PX <>2 THEN 800 ELSE 900 507 IF N%<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF M%<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF P%<>3 \*THEN 800 ELSE 900 509 IF NZ<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF MZ<>4 THEN 800 ELSE IF FZ<>1 THEN 800 ELSE 900 510 IF J=1 THEN 518 ELSE IF I=1 THEN 512 ELSE IF I=3 THEN 514 ELSE IF I=5 THEN 51 512 IF NX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX\$>1/THEN 800 ELSE IFFX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF 0X<>2 ( THEN 800 ELSE 900 514 IF NY<>MY THEN 800 ELSE IF MY<>PY THEN 800 ELSE IF NY<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF QY< NA THEN 800 ELSE 900 516 IF NX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<> 15 THEN 800 ELSE IF FX<>10 THEN 800 ELSE IF QX <>12 THEN 800 ELSE900 518 IF NZ<>4 THEN 800 ELSE IF MZ<>11 THEN 800 ELSE IF PZ<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF QZ<> 8 THEN 800 ELSE 900 520 IF J=1 THEN IF NX<>3 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF PX<>3 THEN 800 E Lige IF Q% >2 THEN 800 ELSE IF Q% >4 THEN 800 ELSE 900 522 IF NX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF TX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF 0X<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF RX<>4 THEN 800 ELSE 900 300 FOR J=1 TO 2\FOR 1≥1 TO 5 304 PRINT TAB(22)// As(IVJ)\PRINT TAB(27)// Bs(IvJ) \PRINT 407 FRINT TARKSTOMM, CRCIVIDAPRINT TAR(35) // BRCIVIDAPRINT 608 NEXT 510 NEXT J 44.1 (GGTO 3000) SOO PRINTYCL=C1+1 801 IF CI=1 THEN PRINT " YOUTARE INCORRECT. TRY AGAIN. "FELSE PRINT " YOUTARE WRO NO AGAINA THE CORRECT ANSWER IS ---- PRIFF 802 IF C1 = 1 THEN 408 ELSE PRINT DEKENDINFRINT THE BALANCED EQUATION IS 803 PRINT TAB(25) ( COS(IVU) NERINT TAB(25) ( BS(IVU) 804 C1=ONNEXT U -805 Z1=Z1+1 -806 PMINTX IF ZI≥4 THEN PRINT " YOUR SESSION HAS ENDED ∴"NPRINTXGOTO 600 SOF IF ZIHI THEN VZHI ELSE IF ZIH2 THEN VIZHI ELSE IF ZIH3 THEN VZZHI ELSE IF ZIH A-THEN V3%=I-ELSE-IF Z1=5 THEN V4%=I 808 G0T0400 900 PRINT ALB 701 GOTO 803. 3000 ENO:



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EQUAT3 12:16
                         18-AF-0-77
1 REM- THIS IS A PRACTICE SESSION IN BALANCING CHEMICAL EQUATIONS.
2 ! THIS PROGRAM HAS BEEN DEVELOPED BY DR. JULIO GALLARDO, AND MR. STEVEN DELGADO
 OF HOSTOS COMMUNITY COLLEGE, AND WAS SUBSIDIZED BY A GRANT FROM THE NATIONAL SC
IENCE FOUNDATION.
3 PRINT/PRINT/PRINT
  INPUT " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?), TYPE YOUR NAME.
                                                          " FALSYPRINT
5 INPUT: " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?), TYPE YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER. " MA25 YER
6 FRINT
        " YOUR NAME IS, " A15; ", AND YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER "NERINT
7 PRINT * IS, " A28 ". ARE THEY CORRECT? TYPE TYTER YES OR THE FOR NO.
8 INPUT A3# \FRINT
9 IF A3$ = "N" THEN 3
10 IF A3s<> "Y" THEN PRINT " TYPE YYY OR YNY ONLY!!!!! NPRINT NGOTOS
59 DIM A$(10,10)\DIM B$(10,10)\DIM C$(10,10)
65 D$(1,3)="1,1,1,1,2"\D$(2,3)="1,1,1,1,2"\D$(3,3)="2,3,4,6"\D$(4,3)="2,2,2,2,1"\D$(5,3
)="3,1,1"
るフーD事(エッチ)= " 2ッエッ2 " \ D事(2ッチ)= " エップッ2ップ " \ D事(3ッチ)= " 3ッ2ッエッグ " \ D事(4ッチ)= " エッ2ッエッエ " \ D事(5ッチ)=
99 A18 = " CORRECT!!! "\B1$ = " WHAT ARE THE CORRECT COEFFICIENTS "
130 A$(1,3)=" BaC1 -
                          (NH ) CO ----
                                              Baco
                             4 2
                                  3
                                                  3
132^{\circ} \text{ A} = (2/3) = (0H)
                            HOaM
                                           NaAlO
133 B*(2,3)="
                                                2
                                            Fe ((SO ") /
134 As(3)3)="Fe(OH)
                            H 50
135 B$(3,3)="
                             2
                     3
                      H 0
                                              , |-| · · ·
                   +.
                                    HOsM
137 B#(4,3)=*
                        2
138 A*(5/3)=!
              Ms:
                                   Mg N
139 B$(5,3)="
                                     3 2
%45 A$(1,4)="
146 Bb(1,4)="
147 (44) ニリ
              CHO
                          0
                                      CO.
148 B$(2,4)=" 2 6
                          ~ 2
                                        _Fe (PO ) - +
149 A#(3,4)=" FeC1
                        Na PO
                        3
150 B$(3,4)="
151 A$(4,4)=" CaC
                        H '0
                                     CH
                                               Ca(OH) "
152 B#(4,4)="
              Na O +
                       FO
153 A8(5,4)="
                                     Na PO
                                 ----
                       4 10
154 B$(5,4)=*
                2
                                       3 4"
320 C$(1,3)=" B$CI
                     . + (NH ) CO
                                   . . . <del>. . . . . . . . . . . . .</del> .
                                              BaCO
                                                     4 2NH C1
321 C$(2y3)#* A1(OH) - +
                                  ---- NaAlO + 2H O "
                           нови
322 C$(3,3)="2Fe(OH)
                      +
                           3H SO
                                          Fe (SO )
                                   ____
323 C$(4,3)="2Na +
                      2H 0
                                   2NaOH
324 C#(5,3)="3Ms
                  N .__
330 C$(1,4)="2Mg +-0
331 C$(2,4)=" C H O +
                  + - 0 ---- 2Ms0
                         30 -
                                     200
                                               311 0
                    +
332 _C$(3,4)="3FeCI"
                         2Na FO \longrightarrow Fe (FO)
                                                     + 6NaCl ₹
                       2H 0 ----> C·H + F 0 ---> 4Na P0
333 C$(4,4)=" CaC
                                         + Ca(OH) "
334 C$(5,4)="6Na O+ + F 0
380 RANDOMIZE
381 I=(INT(A*RND +1:5))\C1≅0
384 IF Z1=1 THEN IF I=U% THEN 380
386 IF Z1=2 THEN IF I=VX THEN 380 ELSE IF I=V1% THEN 380
388 IF Z1=3 THEN IF I=V% THEN 380 ELSE IF I=V1% THEN 380 ELSE IF I=V2% THEN 380
390 IF Z1=4 THEN IF I=V% THEN 380 ELSE IF I=V1% THEN 380 ELSE IF I= V2% THEN 380
ELSE IF I=V3% THEN 380
400 FOR J=3 TO 4NQ1=Q1+1NPRINTNPRINT *
                                         PROBLEM " GIVIF GIKIO THEN PRINT
     * TELSE PRINT ******** ***
     PRINTNERINT As(I.J) NERINT Bs(I.J) NERINTNERINT BIS;
```

110 IF J=3 THEN IF I=5 THEN 700 ELSE 720 415 IF J=4 THEN IF I=1 THEN 700 ELSE IF I=5 THEN 700 ELSE 720 500 IF J=3 THEN 504 ELSE 507 \$04 IF NZ 3 THEN 800 ELSE IF MZ >1 THEN 800 ELSE IF PZ >1 THEN 800 ELSE 900 307 IF I=1 THEN IF NX <>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX <>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF PX <>2 THEN 800 E LSE 900 508 IF NX 4>6 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<> 1 THEN 800 ELSE IF PX<>4 THEN 800 ELSE 900 509 IF J=3 THEN 520 ELSE 530 515. IF J=3 THEN 520 ELSE 530 520 IF IKS THEN 525 521 IF 1=3 THEN 522 ELSE 523 522 IF NX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>3 THEN 800 ELSE IF PX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF QX<>6 THEN 800 ELSE 900 IF NX<02 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<02 THEN 800 ELSE IF PX<02 THEN 800 ELSE IF QX<0 1 THEN 800 ELSE 900. 525 IF NX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF FX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF QX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE 900 530 IF I=2 THEN 532 ELSE IF I=3 THEN 534 ELSE 536 532 IF NX >1 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX >3 THEN 800 ELSE IF PX <>2, THEN 800 ELSE IF QX <>3 THEN 800 ELSE 900 534 IF NX >3 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX <>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF PX <> 1 THEN 800 ELSE IF QX <> \$6 THEN 800 ELSE 900 536 IF NX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF FX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF 0X<>1 THEN 800 ELSE 900 600 FOR J=3 TO 4\FOR I=1 TO 5 SO4-PRINT TAB(27) ( As(I)) \PRINT TAB(27) ( Bs(I)) \PRINT 404 PRINT "\*\*\*\*\*\* BALANCED ------SOT PRINT TABKEO) / CW(I,J) NERINT TAB(GO) / B\$(I,J) NERINT SOS NEXT I 610 NEXT J 311 GOTO 3000 700 INPUT 1/9NX9MX9PX 710 GOTO 500 グ20~4NPUT S/19NMッM%ッP%ッQ% 725 GOTO 515 800 FRINTSCI=C1+1 YOU ARE INCORRECT. TRY AGAIN. " ELSE FRINT " 802 IF C1=1 THEN PRINT " 🤼 YOU ARE WRONG AGAIN, THE CORRECT ANSWER IS ------ "# "# SOM IF CIMI THEN MIO ELSE PRINT DA(I,J) PRINT PR THE BALANCED EQUAT ION IS AS FOLLOWS " 806 PRINT TAB(25) / COS(I) J) NERINT TAB(25) / BS(I) J) BOS C1=ONNEXT J 810 Z1=Z1+1 S12 PRINT VIF Z134 THEN PRINT " YOUR SESSION HAS ENDED. PLEASE, CALL THE INSTR COTOR. "NERINTNOCTO 600 4 2 814 IF ZIE1 THEN UNET ELSE, IF ZIE2 THEN VINET ELSE IF ZIE3 THEN V2ZET ELSE IF ZI =4 THEN V3X=I 814 GOTO 360

900 PRINT A1\$ 902 GOTÖ 806

COOO END.

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19-6-1-77
T REM- THIS IS A FRACTICE SESSION IN BALANCING CHEMICAL EQUATIONS.
2 ! THIS FROGRAM HAS BEEN DEVELOPED BY DR. JULIO GALLARDO, AND MR. STEVEN DELGADO
  OF HOSTOS COMMUNITY COLLEGE, AND WAS SUBSIDIZED BY A GRANT FROM THE NATIONAL SC
TENCE FOUNDATION»
3 PRINTSPRINTSPRINT
 INPUT " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?), TYPE YOUR NAME. ";A1$\PRINT
  INPUT " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?), TYPE YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER, ": A2#NPR
         YOUR NAME IS, " A1%; ", AND YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER "NPRINT
  FRINT " IS, " A2# " . ARE THEY CORRECT? TYPE 'Y' FOR YES OR KNY FOR NO. . . .
S INPUT A3% NERINTS
 1F A35 = "N" THEN 3
10 IF A39<> "Y" THEN BRINT " TYPE "YY' OR YH'
                                             ONLY!!!!!" NPRINT NOOTOS
59. DIM AB(10,10) NDIM BR(10,10) NDIM CB(10,10)
60 D$(1,5)= "1,2,2,1"\D$(2,5)="1,2,1,4"\D$(3,5)="1,2,1,1\N$(4,5)="1,1,1\N$(5,5)
63 D$(496)="29492"\D$(296)="4949294"\D$(396)="3929496"\D$(496)="2949496"\D$(496)
99 Also CORRECT!!! "NB1s = " WHAT ARE THE CORRECT COEFFICIENTS
160 A9(1)5)="
             Sb 0
                       HOsK 🕾
                                       NaSb0 -
                2 3
             , TiCl
   - A$(2,5)=#
                         H \oplus
                                      TiO
                                                HC1 *
玉台等「島市(急り写)=!
                . 4
164 A$ (3,5)=# Pb - 4 -
                          ----- PhCI
135 3$(3,5)="
                     HCI
                                - NH CI"
167.B$(4,5)="
              . 3
   A#(5,5)=" MsO .+
                     so
                                  Maso
169 16(5)5)="
175 A$(1,6)=" Na
                                 NaC1
177 A#(2,6)="CaBr //+ H SD / ---- HBr / + CaSO
                           4}
   A$(3,6)=" Ca(OH)
                         H PO
                                       . Ca (PO )
180 B$(3)6)="
                           3 4
181 A$(4y6)=" HCL |
                     -CaCO -
                                    CO
                                           H O
152 Bs(4,6)="
                         3
                      C 11
183 A#(526)="
184 B$(5,6)="
                      - 8 18
340 C$(1,5)=" Sb/0
                       2NSOH ---->
                                     2NaSb0 J+ H 0
341 C*(2,5)=" TiCl + +
                       2H 0 ---- TiO. + AHC1
                          ----- PBC134 + KH 43
   _C$(3,5)=":Pb'
                    2HC1
343 (6)(4,5)=" NH.
                  +
                     HCI
                                 NH C1
                 +
344 C$(5,5)=" MsO:
                     SO
                         ... ... .... j
350 Cs(1,6)="2Nashar Cl ------ 2Naci "
351 Ct(2,6)="CaBr" + H SO --4-3 2HBr + CaSO
352 C*(3)6)="3C*(OH)
                      + 2H F0
                               C$ (4,6)="2HCI
                     Caco-----
                                   CO
                                        + 0 H 0 +
                  + 2C, H
354 C4(5,96)=*170
                             🕂 - 18H O 🖫
330 RANDOMIZENI#(INT(ARRND +1,5))\C1=0
   TELSTET THEM IN AMELITHEN 280
184 IF 21=2 THEN IF I=V5 THEN 380 ELSE IF I=V1% THEN 380 ELSE IF I=V2% THEN 380
FO GF ZA=4 THEM IF I=VX THEN 380 ELSE ID I=V1% THEN 380 ELSE IF I= V2% THEN 380
FISE IF I=V3% THEN 380
400-FOR: U= 5-TO 6NOI=OLAINERINT\FRINT (*
                                              - PROBLEM " Q1NIF Q1810 THEN PRINT
           ******* TA" ELSE PRINT
                                             ********
```

ERIC NX<>NX THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>F THEN 800 ELSE IF NX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE 900

31

20日,中国共和国人民民国科学、合成(工》、19人民民主和工业要组(工》(1)入户民工和工人民民工和工业的工事等

THE CHANTING IN THE THEN 700 ELSE IF INA THEN 740 ELSE 720

IF JES THEN IF ICA THEN 720 ELSE 700

515 IF J=6 THEN 525 ELSE IF I=1 THEN 516 HLSE IF I=2 THEN 518 ELSE IF I=3 THEN 52 うよくにす NX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>2 THEN MOO ELSE IF PX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF QX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE 900 518 IF NZ<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF MZ<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF MZ<>>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF QX< >4 THEN 800 ELSE 900 S20 IF NX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF FX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF QX<>1 ATHEN 800 ELSE 900. 525\_1F\_1=2 THEN.527 ELSE IF 1=3-THEN.529 ELSE IF 1=5-THEN.531 TF NX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF X<> 2 THEN 800 ELSE/IF XX<> 1 THEN. 800 ELSE 900 529 IF NX<>3 THEN 800-ELSE IF MX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF FX<>4 THEN 800 ELSE/IF QX<>6 THEN 900 ELSE/900 SSITET NX<>17THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF PX<>16 THEN 800 ELSE IF QX< >18 THEN 800 ELSE 900 540 IF NX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF PX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF QX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF RX 1 THEN 800 ELSE 900 300 FOR J= 5 TO 3\FOR I = 1TO 5 502 PRINT " UNBALANCED ----- "SO" 504 PRINT TAB(25) ( AS(I,J) NERINT TAB(25) ( BS(I,J) NERINT 506 PRINT "\*\*\*\*\*\*\* BALANCED ----+--602 PRINT TAB(30) ((00(I)J) NPRINT TAB630) ((B&(I)J) NPRINT 608 NEXT I 610 NEXT U 611 00TO 3000 -200-INPUT (イタNタタタMZッFZ 710 GOTO[500], 220 - 国利担はモーイイφお光ヶ所光ヶ円光ヶ段光。 725 GOTO 515. 240 INPUT ( ) INKOKKOPKOKOKK 245 00TO 540 sog Primf\C1=C1+1 YOU ARE INCORRECT. TRY AGAIN. " ELSE PRINT " 2 IF C1=1 THEN PRINT " YOU ARE WRONG AGAIN. THE CORRECT ANSWER IS -----30% IF C1=1 THEN 410 ELSE PRINT DS(1,J) NERINT PRINT " THE BALANCED EQUAT ION IS AS FOLLOWS: " SOU PRINT 303 PRINT TAB(25) (C\$(I,J) \PRINT TAB(25) (B\$(I,J) 808 CimonNEXT J 810-Z1=Z1+1APRINTNIF Z1>4 THEN PRINT " YOUR SESSION HAS ENTED, PLEASE CA LL THE INSTRUCTOR. "NPRINTAGOTO 600 600 \$14 IF Z1=1 THEN VX=1 ELSE IF Z1=2 THEN V1X=1 ELSE IF Z1=3 THEN V2X=1 ELSE IF Z1= 4 [THEM Q3X#I \$15 GOTO 380 . 900 PRINTYPRINT ALTYGOTO 806 3000 ENT

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I REM+ THIS IS A PRACTICE SESSION IN BALANCING CHEMICAL EQUATIONS.
2: THIS PROGRAM HAS BEEN DEVELOPED BY DR./ JULIO GALLARDO, AND MR. STEVEN DELGADO
A OF HOSTOS COMMUNITY COLLEGE, AND WAS SUBSIDIZED BY A GRANT FROM THE NATIONAL SC
TENCE FOUNDATION.
3 PRINT\PRINT\PRINT
4 INRUT " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?), TYPE YOUR NAME. "GAISTERINT
5 INPUT " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?) TYPE YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER. " $A2$\PR
 PRINT YOUR NAME IS, " AIS; ", AND YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER " PRINT
 PRINT . IS, " A25 ". ARE THEY CORRECT? TYPE TY FOR YES OR 'NY FOR NO!
8 INPUT A3# \PRINT
P IF A35 = "N" THEN 3
10 IF A38 TY" THEN PRINT " TYPE 'Y' OR 'N' ONLY LILL! " YERINT NGOTO6
59 DIM As(10,10) NDIM Bs(10,10) NDIM Cs(10,10)
60 日本(1ッフ)= "4ッ3ヶ名ッ6"ND$(2ッフ)="1ッ3・1/3"ND$(3ッフ)="単東1ッ1ヶ1"ND$(4ッフ)="3ヶ1ヶ2ヶ1"ND$(5ッフ
63 D$(1)8)="6,6,1,6,1,6"\D$(2,8)="1,5,3,4"\D$(3,8)="2,3,2,2"\D$(4,8)="2,1,2"\D$(5,8)=
"2y3y1y6"
99 A18 - " CORRECT!!! "NB18 - " WHAT ARE THE CORRECT COEFFICIENTS
                       □ ----÷/ N
190 As(1,7)=" NH + + |
192 A$ (2+7)=" H PO + NOOH ----
                                      Na PO
193 B$(2,7)=" 3 Ø4
194 A$(3,7)=" NaCI |
195 B$(3,7)="
                        3
196 A$(4,7)=" NO +
                    H O .---> 1HNO
197 B$(4,7)="
                     - 2
198 A#(5,7)=" FC1 -
                      'H O
199 B歩(5,7)=*
                5
                       2
205 A$(1)8)=" H O +
                      00
                           ---- C H
                                        0 +
206 B年(1,8)="--2"
                                    6 12 6
207 A$(2,8)=" C H
                     , : 2
208 B$(2;8)="
              3 8
209 As(3,8)="-
210 B#(3,8)="
211 A$(4,8)=" Ca
212 B#(4,8)=5
213 A$(5,8)=" A1(OH);
                         K SO
                                  ---- A1 (SO ) --- KOH
314 B#(5,8)="
                           2 4
                    30
360 B$(1,7)="4NH +
                                 2N + 36H 0 4
361 O#(277)="\A.PO
                    - 3NaOH ---- Na PO +4 3H O.
362 C$(3,7)=" NaCl - AsNO , ---- NaNO
363 C$(4,7)="3NO R + H O ---- 2HNQ NO
                                          NO "
364 C#(5,7)=" PC1 + 円,0 ----+
365 C$(1,8)="6H D +
                     5 CO
                           ----
                                 O N C
366 C$(2,8)=" C H
                     50
                                  300:
367 C*(3,8)="2ZnS +
                          ----> IZno
                     30
348 C$(4y8)≓"2Ca + 0 -
                        ----- 2C=0 "
339 C$(5,8)="2A1(OH) + 3K SO
580 RANDOMIZENI=(INT(4*RND +1.5))\C1=0
384 IF ZIWI THEN IF UNWI THEN 380
386 IF Z1=2 THEN IF I=UZ THEN 380 ELSE IF I=U1% THEN 380
188 IF ZIES THEN IFIEV% THEN 380 ELSE IF I=V1% THEN 380 ELSE IF I=V2% THEN 380
      Z1=4 THEN IF I=VX THEN 380 ELSELIF I=V1% THEN 380 ELSE IF I=V2% THEN 380
190 IF
ELSE IF I= V3% THEN 380
100 FOR JEZ TO SNOIZEC ZHIZNERINTNERINT
                                                PROBLEM " QIX/IF QIX<10 THEN PRI
                      * ELSE PRINT ********
PRINT B#(I) \\PRINT\\PRINT B1#;
                                            ****************
ios Printnerint 首都では、
MIQ IF JEZ, THEN ZOO ELSE IF JES THEN IF IE 4 THEN 720 ELSE ZOO
   IF NECESTHEN 800 ELSE IF MICH THEN 800 ELSE IF PICO THEN 800 ELSE 900
     ~ J=7 THEN 512 ELSE 520
```

```
512 IF IE1 THEN 514 ELSE IF I=2 THEN 515 ELSE IF I=3 THEN 516 ELSE IF I=4 THEN 51
313 IP NX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF PX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF QX<>5
THEN 800 ELSE 900
514 IF NX<>A THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>3 THEN 800 ELSE IF FX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF QX<>6
THEN 800 ELSE 900
515 IF NX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>3 THEN 800 ELSE IF FX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF QX<>3
THEN 800 ELSE/900
516 IF NX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF PX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF QX<>1
THEN-800 ELSE 900
317 IF NX<>3/THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF PX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF DX<>1
THEN 800 ELSE 900
520 IF I=1 THEN 522 ELSE IF I=2 THEN 523 ELSE IF I=3 THEN 524 ELSE IF I=5 THEN 52
522 IF NX</bed then 800 ELSE IF MX<>6 THEN 800 ELSE IF PX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF QX<>6
THEN 800 ELSE 900
523 IF NX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>5 THEN 800 ELSE IF PX<>3 THEN 800 ELSE IF QX<>4
THEN 800 ELSE- 900
524 IF NX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>3 THEN 800 ELSE IF PX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF QX<>2
THEN 800 ELSE 900
525 IF NX<>2 THEN 800 ELSE IF MX<>3 THEN 800 ELSE IF FX<>1 THEN 800 ELSE IF OX<>6
THEN 800 ELSE 900
500 FOR J=7 TO 8
501 for i=1 to 5
502 FRINT " UNBALANCED ----- ")
SOW PRINT TAB(25) ('As(I)J) NERINT TAB(25) ('Bs(I)J) NERINT
506 PRINT" ******* BALANCED -------
SOT PRINT TAB(30) (COS(I) J) PRINT TAB(30) (BS(I) J) PRINT
503-NEXT L
STO NEXT U
Sar Soto 3000
200 INPUT (()NX,MX,PX,QX
210 GOTO 510
720 INPUT "'INX,MX,FX
722 GOTO 500. 🗗
300 PRINT\C1=C1+1
301 IF C1=1 THEM PRINT ' YOU ARE INCORRECT. TRY AGAIN. "
YOU ARE URONG AGAIN. THE CORRECT ANSLER IS ------
                                   YOU ARE INCORRECT. TRY AGAIN, " ELSE PRINT!"
BOR IF C1=1 THEN 410 ELSE PRINT D&(I) DERINT PRINT
                                                                 THE BALABOED EQUAT
ION, IS AS FOLLOWS: 5
BOO PRINT TAB(25) (*Es(I,J) (PRINT) TAB(25) (Bs( ,J))
308 CI=ONNEXT J
BIO ZI=ZI+INFRINTNIF ZI>4 THEN PRINT
                                               YOUR SESSION
                                                             HAS ENDED
THE INSTRUCTOR. "NERINTNOOTO 555
312 IF ZIEL THEN VZET ELSE IF I =2 THEN VATET ILSE IF ZIES THEN V2ZET ELSE IF ZIE
4 THEN V3%=1/
313 GOTQ380
```

POO PRINTYPRINT ALSYSMS+1

702 GOTO 806 3000 END

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CHE708 11:30
                         22-Apr-77
2 REM - THIS IS A PRACTICE SESSION ON STOICHIOMETRY.......
3 ! THIS PROGRAM HAS BEEN DEVELOPED BY DR. JULIO GALLARDO AND MR. STEVEN DELGADO.
 OF HOSTOS COMMUNITY COLLEGE, AND WAS SUBSIDIZED BY A GRANT FROM THE NATIONAL SCI
ENCE FOUNDATION.
5 PRINTAPRINTAPRINT
6:INFUT
                                    CODE # " N1% NFRINT
7 FRINT\PRINT\PRINT\IF N1%=1 THEN 98
10 INPUT . AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?) TYPE YOUR NAME. . TA15\PRINT
11 INPUT . AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?) TYPE YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER. $ A2$NPR.
INT
          ' YOUR NAME IS: " :A1$; , AND YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER "NFRINT
15 PRINT
16 PRINT ! IS, "A2$ ". ARE THEY CORRECT? TYPE 'Y' FOR YES OR 'N' FOR NO.
17 INPUT A4$ \ PRINT
18 IF A4$ = "N" THEN10
19 IF A4$<>"Y" THEN PRINT " TYPE 'YY'OR 'N' ONLY!!!"\FRINT\GOTO 15
20 \ Qs = A1s + ** + A2s
21 R$ = SYS(CHR$(8%) + Q$)
98 PRINT\FRINT\FRINT
100 A3$ = * BASED ON THE FOLLOWING EQUATION: *NFRINT
                                                 - 3
131 (B$(1,3)="
                   2
                            4 2
133 B$(2,3)="
135 B$(3,3)=*
137 B$(4,3)=*
139 B$(5,3)=*
                     + ~
                                        --> BaCO
320 C$(1,3)=" BaCl
                          (NH ) CO
                                                         2NH C1 .
321 C$(2,3)= A1(OH) + NaOH ---- NaA10
                                                       2H 0 .
322 C$(3,3)="2Fe(OH) + 3H SO
323 C$(4,3)="2Na + 2H O ---->
                                    ---+> F∈ (SO )
                                                        + > 6H 0
                                    2NaOH + H *
324 \text{ C$(5,3)} = "3Ms"
                  t N - ---- Man Mark
325 T9$(1)= | srams!\T9$(2)= | moles!\T9$(3)= moles!\T9$(4)=! liters!\T9$(5)=
329 FOR ZXmi TO SNPRINTNPRI
330 RANDOMIZE
331 Y1=(INT(40500*RND+3000C
                               1100\Y2=(I)T(245CU#END +25454))/100
332 X1=(INT(800*RND+85))/10
                               (2=(INT(78:#RND+5/4
                                                    /100\X4=(INT(4256*RNI 1542))/100
336 K1=0:
337 K1=K1+1\FOR L5=30 TO 41 FINT TAB(LI) ...
333 NEXT L5
339 PRINTO **** NIF K1=1 1-E) -- TELSE
                                        TINT THE EDD TAKE PROBLEM! Z% | NERINT | ** ** NOO
TO 337
345 PRINT\PR NT
346 PRINT TAZ(5) // A38
                               / C$(Z% 3)\FFILT TAB(15) /'B$(Z%,3)\FRINT
347 PRINTNPRINTNPRINT TABLE
350 IF Z%<>1 THEN 381 ELSE TOWT " HOW MANY THES OF BARIUM CHLORIDE ARE
                                                                              EEDED T
O PRODUCE ! Di ! moles OF
351 PRINT " BARIUM CARBONATE
352 A41%)= (ENT(2070 *X1)).
360 IF ZZ<>2 THEN 365 ELSE FFINT * HOW MANY FILES OF SODIUM HYDROXIDE REACT WITH ALUMINUM HYDROXIDE TO PRODUCE ***
361 PRINT Y1 " grams OF WATER
362 \cdot A(2\%) = (INT(Y1/.36))/1000
365 IF ZZ<>3 THEN 370 ELSE PRINT X2 * moles OF SULFURIC ACID REACT WITH IRON HYDR
OXIDE: [ HOW MANY MOLES OF "
366 PRINT * IRON'SULFATE WILL BE PRODUCED?
368 A(3%) = (INT(X2/:03))/100
370 IF ZZZZA THEN 395 YELSE FEST .
                                     IF TY YO WE OF SOULUM ARE MADE TO REACT WE
TH'WATER, HOW MANY L.
                       8.5
            HYDROGEN WILL BE SOLLECTED IF THE
371 FRINT
                                                 REACTION TAKES PLACE AT
                                                                            X1 ', atm
AND"
TTO ATTINT X4 " DEGREES
```

```
174 A(4%)= (INT((273+X4)*Y2*.178372/X1))/100
175 IF Z%<>5 THEN 379 ELSE PRINT * HOW MANY LITERS OF NITROGEN ARE REQUIRED TO RE
ICT WITH MAGNISIUM, IF " Y1
176 PRINT " arems OF Ma N , HAVE TO BE PRODUCED AT STP?
177 PRINT ....
178 \text{ A}(5\%) = (INT(Y1*22.4))/100
179 IF N1%=1 THEN 385
180 PRINT PRINT
ISI INPUT
                       182 IF ABS(A(Z%)-B(Z%))>.03 THEN 500 ELSE 515
185 IF Z%=5 THEN 799
186 NEXT ZX
300 C1=C1+1\IF C1=1 THEN PRINT . YOU ARE INCORRECT. TRY AGAIN. ELSE PRINT YOU ARE WRONG AGAIN. THE CORRECT ANSWER IS ------ :;
501 IF C1=1 THEN 380 ELSE PRINT A(ZZ); T9$(ZZ)
503 GOTO 385
515 S=S+1\Z$ = •
                                CORRECT!!!!!!
516 PRINT\PRINT\FRINT Z$
517 GOTO 502
799 IF N1%=1 THEN 810
300 PRINT\PRINT\PRINT\PRINT THIS SESSION HAS ENDED. IF YOU WISH TO CONTINUE
TO MORE DIFFICULT * (
301 PRINT PROBLEMS, TYPE THE LETTER 'D', AND THEN PRESS THE 'RETURN KEY. ";
302 INPUT ** $H$
303 IF H$="D" THEN CHAIN "CHE718"25
305 PRINT\PRINT\PRINT ...
306 PRINT "" A15 ", HAS ENDED THIS SESSION AT . TIME$(0) "."
307 PRINT PRINT " A18 ", HAS ANSWERED" S " QUESTION CORRECTLY. " NERINT
308 PRINT THE FOLLOWING IS A LESTING OF A1$ 'S ANSWERS AND THE
309 PRINT * CORRECT ANSWER FOR EACH RROWLEM
310 PRINT\PRINT\PRINT\FRINT
315 PRINT TAB(5) "PROBLEM" $TAB(20) "CORRECT A SWER" $
116 PRINT TAB(50) " "A1$ NPRINT " S ANSWER"
317 FRINT\PRINT
                  119 FOR 1%=1% TO 5%
320 PRINT TAB(8) // IX;TAB(30) // A(IX);TAB(32) // B(I%)
122 NEXT 1%
1000 END
```

ERIC

Full Text Provided by ERIC

```
22-Apr-77
THIS PROGRAM HAS BEEN DEVELOPED BY DR. JULIO GALLARDO AND MR. STEVEN DELGADO,
OF HOSTOS COMMUNITY COLLEGE, AND WAS SUBSIDIZED BY A GRANT (FROM THE NATIONAL SCI
ENCE FOUNDATION.
5 PRINT\PRINT\PRINT
5 INPUT
                                 CODE # "#NIX\PRINT
7 LF N1% = 1 THEN 98
10 INPUT " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?), TYPE YOUR NAME. ";A1$\PRINT
11.INPUT " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?), TYPE YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER. $42$\PR
15 PRINT " YOUR NAME IS, " ; A15; ", AND YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER "\PRINT
16 PRINT * 15, "A2$ *. ARE THEY CORRECT? TYPE 'Y' FOR YES OR 'N' FOR NO.
  INPUT A4$ \ PRINT
18 IF A4$ = "N" THEN10
19 IF A45<>"Y" THEN PRINT " TYPE 'Y' OR 'N' ONLY!!!"\PRINT\GOTO 15
20 GOTO 98
25 PRINT\PRINT\PRINT
26 R$ =SYS(CHR$(7%))
29 W=LEN(R$)\A1$=MID(R$,1,W-9)
30 H1=LEN (A1$)
31 A2s=MID(Rs,H1+1,9)
32 GOFO 15
98 DIM A(10), B(10)
99 DIM B$(10,10)\DIM C$(10,10).
100 A3$ = " BASED ON THE FOLLOWING EQUATION: "\FRINT
101 B$(1,1)=
103 B$(2,1)="
105 B$(3,1)=!
107 B$(4,1)="
109 Bs(5,1)="
116 Bs(1,2)=
118: B$(2,2)=!
120 Bs(3,2)="
122 B$(4,2)="
124 B$(5,2)= 5 11
300 C$(1,1)="2H + D
301 C$(2,1)=" N +
                    3H
                   + 110 --- 2Fe 0
302 Cs(3,1)="4Fe5
                   ----> 2KC1
303 C$(4,1)=-2KC10
                                +
                                   30
304°C$(5,1)="3H S -
                     2HNO: ---->
                                   38
                                          2N0 +
                       H SO
310 C$(1,2)="2NaC1
                                      Na SO
                               Ni(CO) "
311 C$(2,2)= Ni + 4CO ---->
312 C$(3,2)= (NH ) Cr O \longrightarrow ---- \rightarrow N +
                                                   4H
313,C$(4,2)="2KrF + 2H 0 ----> 2Kr +
                      +' 150 +---> 1000
314 \text{ C$}(5,2) = 20 \text{ H} \text{ OH}
350 FOR Z\% = 1 TO 10
355 RANDOMIZE
355 PRINTAPRINT
361 PRINT " PROBLEM " ZZ
362 IF ZX<10% THEN PRINT.
                         ****** * ELSE PRINT
363 FRINTNPRINT
     1=(INT(700*RND+100))/100\V2=(INT(710*RND+90))/100
370
      V1 AND V2 ARE VOLUMES WITH VALUES BETWEEN 1 AND 8 WITH . DECIMAL
375 - H1=(INT(4985*RND±15*)/1000NM2=(INT(4987*RHD+13))/1000
     M1 AND M2 ARE MOLES BETWEEN THE VALUES
                                               5 AND 5 0
                                                          WITH & DECLMAL FLACES
380 M3=(INT(4000*RND+1000))/100\M4=(INT(400
                                              H995))/[:
381 ! M3 AND M4 ARE MASS UNITS IN GRAMS BET
                                               10 AND I
                                                          TTN/2 DECIMALS>
385 M5#(INT(900%RNDF1.5))/100\M6#(INT(905#F IB ...)
     -M5@AND@M6@ARE@MAS$QUNITS@BETWEEN@THE ALUE OF .OLE A @ 10@WITH 2 DECIMAL PL
```

390 M7=(TNT(29500%RND+10500))/100\M8=(INT(30000%RND+10000))/100

```
391 ! M7 AND M8 ARE WASS UNITS BETWEEN THE VALUE S OF 100 AND 400 WITH 2 DECIMAL
395 M9=(INT(700*RND+100))/100\M0=(INT(750*RND+50 ))/100
396 ! M9 AND MO ARE MASS UNITS BETWEEN THE VALUE OF 1 AND 8 TO BE USED WITH KILOG
RAMS AND HAS 2 DECIMAL PLACES.
400 IF Z%<>1 THEN 410 ELSE FRINT A3$\FRINT
401 PRINT TAB(15) / 'C$(1,1) \PRINT TAB(15) / 'B$(1,1) \PRINT
402 PRINT * CALCULATE THE NUMBER OF LITERS OF O
                                                  (AT STP) NEEDED TO FORM" M1
ES<sup>≯</sup>
403 PRINT TAB(36) 12 "NPRINT
404 \text{ A(1)} = (INT(M1*1120))/100
410 IF 20 >2 THEN 420 ELSE PRINT A3$\FRINT
411 PRINT TAB(15)''C$(4,1)\PRINT TAB(15)''B$(4,1)\PRINT
412 PRINT " CALCULATE THE NUMBER OF MOLES OF O PRODUCED BY HEATING" M3 "s OF"
413 PRINT TAB(35) "2"
414 PRINT® FOTASSIUM CHLORATE (KClo ).
415 PRINT TAB(25) "3" \PRINT
416 A(2)=(INT(300*M3/228.9))/100
420 IF ZX<>3 THEN 430 ELSE FRINT A3$\PRINT
421 PRINT TAB(15) / C$(1,2 \PRINT TAB(15) / B$(1,2) \PRINT
422 PRINT " IF" M3 "s OF NaC1 ARE REACTED WITH" M4 "s OF SULFURIC ACID NPRINT
423 PRINT .
            (H SO ).
                      HOL MANY MOLES OF Na SO ARE PRODUCED?"
424 PRINT TAB(3) #2" FTAB(c) "4" FTAB(31) #2" FTAB(34) #4 #NPRINT
425 \text{ A}(3) = (INT(M3*100/1_6.9)/100
430 IF Z%<>4 THEN 440 ELSE PRINT A3$\PRINT
431 PRINT TAB(15) ''C$(5,1) \FRINT TAB(15) ''R$(5,1) \PRINT
432 FRINT " IF" M2 "MOLES OF HYDROGEN SULFIDE GAS REACTS WITH AN EXCESS OF NITRIC
 ACID HOW SPRINT
433 PRINT * MANY GRAMS OF NITROUS OXIDE ARE PRODUCED? "\PRINT
435 \text{ A}(4) = (INT(6000*M2/3))/100
440 IF ZZ<>5 THEN 450 ELSE PRINT A3$APRINT
441 PRINT TAB(15) / C$(2,1)\PRINT TAB(15) / B$(2,1)\PRINT
442 PRINT . HOW MANY LITERS OF NITROGEN GAS WOULD DISAPPEAR IN THE PRODUCTION OF
V1 "1 OF "NERINT
443 PRINT " GASEOUS AMMONIA, BOTH GASES BEING MEASURED AT THE SAME TEMPERATURE AN
D PRESSURE? "NPRINT
445 \text{ A}(5) = (INT(V1*50))/100
450 IF Z% >6 THEN, 460 ELSE FRINT A3$\PRINT
451 PRINT TAB(15) ('C$(3,1)\PRINT TAB(15) ('B$(3,1)\PRINT
452 PRINT . HOW MANY KILOGRAMS OF FERRIC OXIDE (Fe O ) CAN BE OBTAINED BY ROASTIN
3" M9
453 PRINT, TAB(39) 12 1 1 TAB(41) 13 1
454 PRINT " kg OF FERROUS SULFIDE (Fes )?
455 FRINT TAB(27) 12 NERINT
456 \text{ A(6)} = (INT(M9*4800/32))/100
460 IF ZX >7 THEN 470 ELSE PRINT A3$\PRINT
461 PRINT TAB(15)//C$(2,2)\PRINT, TAB(15)//B$(2,2)\PRINT
462 PRINT A M4 "s SAMPLE OF NICKEL IS ALLOWED TO REACT WITH CARBON MONOXIDE (C
J) " \ PRINT
463 PRINT . CALCULATE THE NUMBER OF MOLES OF CO NEEDED TO PRODUCE THE REACTION. "!
PRINT.
465 A(7) = (INT(M4*6.78))/100
470 IF ZX<>8 THEN 480 E_SE PRINT ASSIPRINT
471 PRINT TAB(15) ('C$(3,2)\PRINT TAB(15) ('B$(3,2)\PRINT
472 PRINT * CALCULATE THE NUMBER OF GRAMS OF AMMONIUM DICHROMATE NECESSARY TO PRO
DUCE "NERINT
473 PRINT V2 "LITERS OF NITROGEN AT STF. "NPRINT
475 \text{ A(8)} = (INT(27600*V2/22.4))/100
480 IF ZX<>9 THEN 490 ELSE PRINT A3$\PRINT
481 PRINT TAB(15)/'C$(-,2)\PRINT TAB(15)/'B$(4,2)\PRINT
482 FRINT . HOW MANY MCLES OF HYDROGEN FLUORIDE COULD BE PRODUCED BY THE REACTION
4ERICINT M2 *MOLES OF KRYPTON (Kr) DIFLUÓRIDE AND WATER? * NPRINT
                                                                         :38
# (*INT (M2 * 200)) / 100
```

190 IF Z%<>10 THEN 600 ELSE PRINT A3\$\PRINT 191 PRINT TAB(15)//C\$(5,2)\PRINT TAB(15)//B\$(5,2)\PRINT 192 PRINT " CALCULATE THE NUMBER OF GRAMS OF DXYGEN REQUIRED TO BURN M8 "S" PRIN 193 PRINT " OF C H OH TO CARBON DIOXIDE (CO) AND WATER. 194 PRINT TAB(5) "5" | TAB(7) "11" | TAB(33) "2" | PRINT PRINT 495 A(10) = (INT(272.23\*M8))/100500 IF N1%=1 THEN 699 ELSE 750 599 C1=0\IF Z%=10 THEN 800 700 NEXT 2% 750 PRINT\PRINT\INPUT . YOUR ANSWER ------ \* \* FB(2%) 752 PRINTNIF (ABS(A(Z%)-B(Z%)))>+01 THEN 780 ELSE PRINT \* ... CORRECT !!!!! \* 253 S=S+1\FRINT\GOTO 699 753 S=S+1\PRINT\GOTO 699
780 C1=C1+1\IF C1=1 THEN PRINT YOU ARE INCORRECT, TRY AGAIN. \* ELSE PRINT YOU ARE WRONG AGAIN. THE CORRECT ANSWER IS ----- \*A(2%); 781 IF C1=1 THEN 750 782 IF Z%=5 THEN PRINT "liters" ELSE IF Z%=8 THEN PRINT "srams" ELSE IF Z%=2 THEN PRINT "moles" ELSE IF Z%=3 THEN PRINT "moles" ELSE IF Z%=7 THEN FRINT "moles" EL 3E IF Z%= 9 THEN PRINT moles 784 IF ZZ=1 THEN PRINT "liters" ELSE/IF ZZ=6 THEN PRINT "KS" ELSE IF ZZ=4 THEN PR [NT srams ELSE IF Z%=10 THEN PRINT srams \GOTO699 785 GOTO 699 300 PRINT\PRINT\PRINT' " A1\$ " HAS ENDED THIS SESSION AT "TIME\$(0)"."\PRINT "A1\$ " HAS ANSWERED " S " QUESTIONS CORRECTLY. "\PRINT 302 PRINT THERE ARE THE CORRECT ANSWERS AND THAT S ANSWERS. 303 PRINT\PRINT 306 PRINT TAB(8) PROBLEM FTAB(28) CORRECT ANSWER FTAB(58) STUDENT'S ANSWER 307 PRINT TAB(8) "\*\*\*\*\*\* " ) TAB(28) "\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* ") TAB(58) "\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 310 FOR J% = 1 TO 10 311 IF JZ<10 THEN PRINT TAB(10)//JZ;ELSE PRINT TAB(9)//JZ; 315 NEXT JX 3000 END

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CHE808 13:36
                        19-Aprープフ
1 REM - THIS IS A PRACTICE SESSION IN GAS LAWS. >>>>>>>>>>>>>
  ! THIS PROGRAM HAS BEEN DEVELOPED BY DR. JULIO GALLARDO, OF HOSTOS COMMUNITY
    COLLEGE, AND WAS SUBSIDIZED BY A GRANT FROM THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION.
                   CODE * * * NX\PRINT\PRINT\PRINT
% ! N%=1 WILL GIVE A PRINT OUT OF THE PROBLEMS WITH ANSWERS
7 IF N%=1 THEN .49
8 ! N1$ WILL BE THE STUDENT'S NAME WHILE S1$ WILL BE HIS SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
11 DIM A(15),B(15)
12 INPUT . AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?), TYPE YOUR NAME.
                                                           " #N1$
14 INPUT " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?), TYPE YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER.
15 PRINT
20 PRINT " YOUR NAME IS, "N1$ " AND YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER "NFRINT
21 PRINT " IS, " S1$ ", ARE THEY CORRECT? TYPE 'YES' OR 'NO'. ";
22 INPUT S2$\PRINT
25 IF S24= 'NO! THEN 12 ELSE IF S24<> YES THEN FRINT TYPE YES! OR YNO! ONLY.
PRINT
26 IF S2$<>/YES/ THEN 12
49 Z1=1
50 RANDOMIZE
52 FOR Z= Z1 TO 15
55 T1=(INT(1000*RND +500))/10\T2=(INT(1000*RND +400))/10
56 ! T1 AND T2 ARE TEMPERATURES WITH VALUES BETWEEN 50 AND 150 DEGREES
58 P1=(INT(7000*RND +5000))/10\P2=(INT(8000*RND+4000))/10\P3=(INT(7000*RND=8000))
59 ! P1, P2, P3 ARE VALUES OF PRESSURE BETWEEN 400 AND 1500
60 P4=(INT(40*RND+15))/10\P5=(INT(43*RND+1&))/10
61 ! P4 AND P5 ARE VALUES OF PRESSURE IN ATM
62 V1=(INT(10000*RND+2000))/10\V2=(INT(10000*RND+2000))/10\V3=(INT(2*RND+115))/10
63! V1 AND V2 ARE VALUES OF VOLUME IN MILLILITERS AND V3 IN LITERS
65 A1$=" CENTIGRADE"\A2$=" FAHRENHEIT"\A3$=" KELVIN"\A4$=" TORR"\A5$=" ATM"\A6$=
  MILLILITERS "NA7$=" LITERS"
66 AB$= "DEGREES"
88 FRUNTAFRINT .
                          FROBLEM * ZNIF Z<10 THEN FRINT
LSE PRINT
                              **
                     ****
80 DEF FNC(T1)=(5*(T1-32))/9
   DEF FNB(T1)=9*T1/5 +32 | 7
85 A95= "
                   CORRECT !!!!!
87 B2$= YOU ARE INCORRECT.
                                  TRY AGAIN. "
88 B3$= YOU ARE WRONG AGAIN, THE CORRECT ANSWER IS -
99 PRINTNERINT
100 IF Z > 1 THEN 110 ELSE FRINT . THE TEMPERATURE OF AN OBJECT IS "T1 DEGREES
"A1$".
101 PRINT * EXPRESS THIS TEMPERATURE IN * A8$ ' A2$ " . "
103 A(1)=(INT(PNB(T1)*100))/100
110 IF Z<>2 THEN 118 ELSE PRINT " A GAS EXERTS A PRESSURE OF " P1//A44". GIVE THIS
PRESSURE IN"
111 FRINT A55 ..
113 A(2) = (INT(100*F1/760))/100
115 IF Z 3 THEN 120 ELSE PRINT. WHEN THE TEMPERATURE OF A GAS IS" T1 / 'A8$ 'A1$
", THEN"
          * THE PRESSURE IS F1 // A4$ . IF THE TEMPERATURE CHANGES TO T2:
116 FRINT
117 PRINT ' 'A8$''A1$ . WHAT WOULD THE NEW PRESSURE BE?
118 A(3)=(INT((100*F1*(T2+273))/(T1+273)))/100
120 IF Z > 4 THEN 125 ELSE PRINT " A GAS OCCUPIES A VOLUME OF VI / AGS " WHEN THE T
EMPERATURE IS"
121 PRINT ''T1''A8$''A1$". FIND THE VOLUME WHEN THE TEMPERATURE OF THE"
122 PRINT * SAME GAS CHANGES TO TO TO 'ABS' ALS'. "
124 A(4)=(INT(100*V1*(T2+273)/(T1+273)))/100
      Z<>5 THEN 130 ELSE PRINT V1 "'A6" OF A GAS, EXERTS A PRESSURE OF P1 ' A4"
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```
126 PRINT " WHAT WOULD BE THE VOLUME OF THE SAME GAS IF THE PRESSURE IS CHANGED
127 PRINT F2 / A46 49 4
128, A(5)=(INT(100%F1%V1/F2))/100
130 IF Z 6 THEN 140 ELSE PRINT THE PRESSURE OF A GAS IS F5 / AS WHEN THE TEMP
ERATURE IS'T1
131 FRINT: / 'A85 425 WHAT WOULD THE PRESSURE BE IF THE TEMPERATURE
132 PRINT " CHANGES TO T2" (A8$ (A2$ *? *
135 A(6)=(INT(100*P5*(FNC(T2)+273)/(FNC(T1)+273)))/100
140 IF Z<>7 THEN150 ELSE PRINT " WHAT WOULD THE TEMPERATURE OF VIA A 668 OF A GAS
141 PRINT " IF "V2/"A6$ " OF THE SAME GAS HAVE A TEMPERATURE OF TI
142 FRINT ' 'A8$''A2$ "?" .*
145 A(7)= (INT(100*(FNC(F1)+273)*V1/V2))/100
150 IF Z<>8 THEN 155 ELSE PRINT * WHAT WOULD THE VOLUME OF A GAS BE WHEN THE TEMP
ERATURE IS* T1
151 FRINT " "A8$ / A1$", IF THE VOLUME AT STP. IS "V1 / A6$" AND THE
152 PRINT * PRESSURE REMAINS UNCHANGED? *
153 A(B)=(INT(100*V1*(T1+273)/273))/100
155 IF ZX>9 THEN 160 ELSE PRINT " A GAS MEASURES "V1 / A6$ " AT "P4 / A5$ ". CALCULATE
ITS VOLUME":
156 PRINT" AT "P5 / A56". /
157 A(9)=(INT(100*F4*V1/F5))/100
160 IF Z<>10 THEN 165 ELSE PRINT TO SAMPLE OF GASCHAS A VOLUME OF VICTA66 WHEN
MEASURED "
161 PRINT " AT"T1/ /AS$//A1$" AND"F1//A4$". WHAT VOLUME WILL IT
162 PRINT * OCCUPY AT THE SAME TEMPERATURE AND P2//A46 T
164 A(10)=(INT(100*V1*F1/F2))/100
165 IF Z > 11 THEN 170 ELSE PRINT * A SAMPLE OF GAS OCCUPIES V1/(A6# AT T1//A8#/
A15
166 PRINT " AND FI / 'A45" . WHAT VOLUME WILL IT HAVE AT TIE 'A85' A15
167 \cdot A(11) = (INT(100*V1*(T2+273)/(T1+273)))/100
170 IF Z > 12 THEN 175 ELSE PRINT " A SAMPLE OF GAS OCCUPIES "V3 / A 7 # AT TI / CAS#
'A2$"."
1X1 FRINT " CALCULATE ITS VOLUME WHEN THE TEMPERATURE IS TE / 'A8$ / (A25 " ) "
173 \Delta(12) = (INT((V1*(FNC(T2)+273)*100)/(FNC(T1)+273))))100 >
175 IF Z<>13 THEN 185 ELSE PRINT " A SAMPLE OF GAS OCCUPIES" V3 (475 " AT FI / A45
* AND*T1
    PRINT " "A8$ " A1" " AT WHAT TEMPERATURE IN "A8$ " A1" WOULD THE!
177 PRINT " PRESSURE BE" F2' A45 " . IF THE VOLUME REMAINS CONSTANT?
179 A(13)=((INT(100%P2%(FNC(T1)+273)/P1)))/100 -273
185 IF X 14 THEN 195 ELSE FRINT " A CERTAIN GAS OCCUPIES A VOLUME OF "V1 / A66"
T'T1' 'A8$
186 PRINT //A1s * AND*P1//A4s*. WHAT VOLUME WILL IT OCCUPY AT STP? 5
188 A(14)=(INT(100*(F1*V1*(T2+273))/((T1+273)*P2)))/100
195 IF ZO15 THEN 500 ELSE PRINT " A GAS MEASURES "VI / A66" AT STP. CALCULATE ITS
PRESSURE IN " A5$
196 PRINT " IF ITS VOLUME IS CHANGED TO "V3/'A7$ " AND THE TEMPERATURE TO " TI
197 PRINT / /A8$//A1$".*
198 A(15) = (INT((U1*100*(T1+273))/(273*U2)))/100
499 PRINT\FRINT
500 IF NZ=1 THEN 1999
501PRINT
502 INPUT
                    503 PRINT
505 IF (ABS(A(Z)-B(Z)))>.01 THEN 600 ELSE FRINT A9%\S1#S1#1
506 GDTO 1999
507 ! SI COUNTS CORRECT ANSWERS
500 CI=CI+INIF CI=I THEN PRINT BOS ELSE PRINT BOS?
305 IF Clai THEN 501 ELSE PRINT A(Z);
   LIF Z=1 THEN PRINT 1/A85 ELSE IF Z=2 THEN PRINT1/A55 ELSE IF Z 3 THEN PRINT1/
AAR SE IF ZHA THEN PRINT ( AAR ELSE IM ZHS THEN PRINT ( AAR ELSE IF ZHA
      ELSE GOTO 607
```

- 507 IF Z=7 THEN PRINT''A8\$''A3\$ ELSE IF Z=8 THEN PRINT''A6\$ ELSE IF Z=9 THEN PRIN '''A6\$ ELSE IF Z=10 THEN PRINT''A6\$ ELSE IF Z=11 THEN PRINT A6\$ ELSE GOTO 608 508 IF Z=12 THEN FRINT''A7\$ ELSE IF Z=13 THEN FRINT' 'A8\$''A1\$ ELSE IF Z=14 THEN PRINT ' A6\$ ELSE IF Z=15 THEN PRINT ' A5\$\GOTO 1999 1999 Z1=Z1+1\PRINT\IF Z1=6 THEN 2019 ELSE IF Z1=11 THEN 2019 2014 IF Z>14 THEN 2400 2015 C1=0\NEXT Z 2019 PRINT 2020 PRINT ! IF YOU WISH TO CONTINUE TYPE 'YES', OTHERWISE TYPE 'NO'. "; 2021 INPUT 55\$ 1022 PRINT\PRINT\PRINT 2025 IF \$5\$="NO" THEN 2400 ELSE 2015 2400 PRINT " THE STUDENT " N1\$ " HAS ENDED THIS SESSION. "N1\$ 2401 PRINT\PRINT " HAS ANSWERED " S1 " QUESTIONS CORPECTLY. "\PRINT 2405 PRINT " HERE ARE THE CORRECT ANSWERS AND "N1\$ "'S ANSWERS: " 2499 PRINTABRINTABRINT 2500 PRINT TAB(5) "PROBLEM" TAB(18) " CORRECT ANSWER" TAB(40) "STUDENT'S ANSWER" 2505 PRINT\PRINT
- 2510 FOR Z=1 TO Z1-1 2512 PRINT TAB(8)''Z;TAB(25)''A(Z);TAB(46)''B(Z) 2520 NEXT Z 3000 END

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CHE908 14:02
                                           19-Apr-77
1 REM - THIS IS A PRACTICE SESSION IN SOLUTIONS. >>>>>>>>>>>
2 ! THIS PROGRAM HAS BEEN DEVELOPED BY DR. JULIO GALLARDO, OF HOSTOS COMMUNITY
       COLLEGE, AND WAS SUBSIDIZED BY A GRANT FROM THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION.
  INPUT "
                             CODE # " ;N%
6 PRINT\FRINT\FRINT
7 IF N%=1 THEN 40
10 DIM A(15), B(15)
12 INPUT" AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?), TYPE YOUR NAME.
13 FRINT
14 INFUT * AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?), TYPE YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER.
15 PRINT
17 FRINT " YOUR NAME IS, " A5% " AND YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER IS,"
18 PRINT\PRINT( 'S1$ ". ARE THEY CORRECT? "\PRINT-
20 INPUT " TYPE 'YES' OR 'NO'. "; S2$
22 PRINT\PRINT \IF S2$="NO" THEN 12 ELSE IF S2$<>!YES" THEN 20
40 RANDOMIZE
50 FOR Z=1 TO 15
       PRINT\PRINT
54 IF Z<10 THEN PRINT .
                                                          *****
                                                                                  ELSE PRINT "
55 ERINT *
                                   PROBLEM * Z
56 IF Z<10 THEN PRINT *
                                                                                 ELSE PRINT . 6
                                                          *****
57 PRINT
60 X1=(INT(6000*RND+3050))/10\X2=(INT(5555*RND+5555))/10
61 ! X1 AND X2 ARE NUMBERS BETWEEN 300 AND 1100 WITH 1 DECIMAL
65 Y1=(INT(375*RND+155))/10\Y2=(INT(425*RND+125))/10
66 ! Y1 AND Y2 ARE PERCENTS
70 X5=(INT(6000*RND+905))/100\X6=(INT(5555*RND+875))/100
73 X3=(INT(20000*RND+10500))/100\X4=(INT(19000*RND+11000))/100
99 PRINT
100°IF Z<>1 THEN 110 ELSE PRINT " HOW MANY GRAMS OF SUGAR MUST BE ADDED TO " X1
  GRAMS OF WATER TO .
101 PRINT "'PREPARE A " Y1 " PERCENT SQLUTION?"
103 A(1) = (INT(100*X1*Y1/(100-Y1)))/100
110 IF Z > 2 THEN 120 ELSE PRINT * IF * X5 * GRAMS OF SODIUM*CHLORIDE (NaCl) IS DI
SSOLVED IN ENOUGH "
111 PRINT " WATER TO MAKE " X2 " GRAMS OF SOLUTION, CALCULATE THE PERCENT
112 PRINT * CONCENTRATION OF NaCl '
115 A(2)= (INT(X5*100*100/X2))/100
120 IF Z<>3 THEN 130 ELSE PRINT * CALCULATE THE NUMBER OF GRAMS OF SOLUTION NECES
SARY TO FROVIDE 1X2
121 PRINT " GRAMS OF SODIUM BICARBONATE FROM A " Y1 " PERCENT SODIUM "
122 PRINT * BICARBONATE SOLUTION. *
125 A(3) = (INT(10000 \times 2/Y1))/100
130 IF Z<>4 THEN 140 ELSE PRINT * CALCULATE THE MOLALITY OF A SOLUTION THAT CONTA
INS " X3 " GRAMS"
131 PRINT " ETHYL ALCOHOL (C H O) IN " X1" GRAMS OF WATER.
132 PRINT "
                                                 2 6
135 A(4) = (INT(100000*X3/(X1*46)))/100
140 IF Z<> 5 THEN 150 ELSE PRINT . CALCULATE THE NUMBER OF GRAMS OF SOLUTE NECESS
ARY TO PREPARE * X2
      FRINT " GRAMS OF A " Y1/100 "m (MOLAL) SOLUTION OF SULFURIC ACID.
141
                      THE MOLECULAR FORMULA OF SULFURIC ACID IS H SO
143 PRINT
145 A(5)= (INT(98*Y1*X2*100/(100000+Y1*98)))/100 -
150 IF Z > 6 THEN 160 ELSE PRINT " CALCULATE THE NUMBER OF GRAMS OF WATER THAT MUS
I BE ADDED TO * 2*X5 *s*
152 PRINT * OF GLUCOSE (C H O ) IN THE PREPARATION OF A * Y1/100 *m SOLUTION:
(180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + (180 + 
160 IF Z > 7 THEN 170 ELSE PRINT . HOW MANY GRAMS OF A " YL " PERCENT SILVER NITRA
TE ( ASNO ) SOLUTION *
```

```
163 PRINT * ARE NECESSARY TO YIELD * X5 * GRAMS OF SILVER NITRATE?
165 A(7) = (INT(10000*X5/Y1))/100
170 IF Z<>8 THEN 180 ELSE PRINT * CALCULATE THE WEIGHT OF ANHYDROUS HCl IN * X5
m1 OF CONCENTRATED *
171 PRINT " HYDROCHLORIC ACID OF DENSITY 1.19s/ml AND CONTAINING "Y1"% HCl"
172 PRINT BY WEIGHT.
175 A(8)= (INT(X5*1.19*Y1))/100
180 IF Z<>9 THEN 200 ELSE PRINT * WHAT IS THE MOLALITY OF A SOLUTION WHICH CONTAI'
  "X6 "s OF CANE"
181 PRINT * SUGAR, C H O , DISSOLVED IN * X1 * GRAMS OF WATER? *
182 PRINT "
                    12 22 11 "
185 \text{ A}(9) = (INT(1000*X6/(342*X1)))/1000
200 IF Z<>10 THEN 210 ELSE PRINT * CALCULATE THE VOLUME OF CONCENTRATED SULFURIC
ACID, OF DENSITY 1.844/ml*
201 PRINT " AND CONTAINING "Y2"% OF SULFURIC ACID BY WEIGHT, THAT WOULD CONTAIN
          X5 " GRAMS OF PURE SULFURIC ACID. "
202 PRINT
205 \text{ A}(10) = (INT(10000*X5/(Y1*1.84)))/100
210 IF Z<>11 THEN 220 ELSE PRINT * CALCULATE THE PERCENT OF THE SOLUTE IN A SOLUT
ION THAT CONTAINS "Y1"s"
211 PRINT " OF POTASSIUM CARBONATE IN "X2"s OF WATER. "
215 A(11) = (INT(10000*Y1/X2))/100
220 IF Z<>12 THEN 230 ELSE PRINT " CALCULATE THE GRAMS OF WATER THAT MUST BE ADDE
D TO "X5" GRAMS OF "
221 PRINT " POTASSIUM IODIDE IN THE PREFARATION OF A " Y1" PERCENT POTASSIUM "
222 PRINT . IODIDE SOLUTION.
225 A(12) = (INT(X5*100*(100-Y1)/Y1))/100
230 IF Z<>13 THEN 240 ELSE PRINT * CALCULATE THE MOLALITY OF A SOLUTION CONTAININ
G "X5"s OF SULFURIC"
231 PRINT " ACID IN " X1 "s OF WATER.
235 A(13)= (INT(100000*X5/(98*X1)))/100
240 IF Z<>14, THEN 250 ELSE PRINT " HOW MANY GRAMS OF SOLUTE ARE NEEDED TO PREPARE
  X2 "s OF A "
241 PRINT Y1/100 " MOLAL SOLUTION OF ETHYLENE GLYCOL (C H O )?
242 PRINT *
                                                        2 6 2
245 \text{ A}(14) = (1\%\text{T}(62*\text{Y}1*\text{X}2/(1000+62*\text{Y}1)))/100
250 IF Z<> 15 THEN 260 ELSE PRINT • CALCULATE THE NUMBER OF GRAMS OF WATER THAT M
UST BE ADDED TO "Y1/25
251 PRINT * MOLES OF PRESTONE (C H O ) IN THE PREPARATION OF A * Y2 m SOLUTION.*
252 PRINT "
                                 262
255 A(15)= (INT(100000*Y1/(25*Y2)))/100 :
260 PRINT\IF N%=1 THEN 1999
                     YOUR ANSWER ----- * * # B(Z)
261 INPUT *
265 IF ABS(A(Z)-B(Z))>.1 THEN 399 ELSE 499
399 RRINT
400 C1=C1+1\IF C1=1 THEN FRINT " YOU ARE INCORRECT. PRY AGAIN. " ELSE PRINT "
OU ARE WRONG AGAIN.
                     THE CORRECT ANSWER IS ----- A(Z);
401 IF C1=1 THEN 260
402 IF Z=2 THEN PRINT "%" ELSE IF Z=4 THEN PRINT MOLAL" ELSE IF Z=9 THEN PRINT MO
LAL" ELSE IF Z=10 THEN FRINT "m1" ELSE IF Z=13 THEN PRINT "MOLAL" ELSE IF Z=11 TH
EN PRINT"%" ELSE PRINT"GRAMS"
403 PRINT
405 IF C1=1 THEN 100 ELSE 1999
499 PRINT
500 PRINT "
                     CORRECT !!!!! "\S1%=S1%+1%
1999 C1=0\IF Z=5 THEN 2010 ELSE IF Z=10 THEN 2010
2000 NEXT Z
2009 \text{ IF } Z = 15 \text{ THEN } 2480
2010 PRINT\PRINT\PRINT " IF YOU WISH TO STOP HERE, TYPE 'N', OTHERWISE, PRESS 'RE
TURN'. " #
201/2 INPUT Q$
2014 IF Q$="N" THEN 2480 ELSE 2000
   a TRINT\PRINT\PRINT
                 * A5$ * HAS ENDED THIS SESSION. *A5$ * HAS ANSWERED *S1%* QUESTI
   RRECTLY.
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CHE018 14:53
                        19-Apr-77
2 ! THIS PROGRAM HAS BEEN DEVELOPED BY DR. JULIO GALLARDO OF HOSTOS COMMUNITY
    COLLEGE, AND WAS SUBSIDIZED BY A GRANT FROM THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION.
            CODE # "# Q%\PRINT\PRINT
10 INPUT "
11 IF Q%=1 THEN 45
15 INPUT . AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?), TYPE YOUR NAME . ALS
              AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?), TYPE YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER. . . .
17 INPUT
A2$
18 PRINT\PRINT .
                     YOUR NAME IS, "A1$" AND YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER IS,"
19 PRINT \PRINT
                     * A2$ . ARE THEY CORRECT? "YPRINT
            TYPE 'Y' FOR YES AND 'N' FOR NO *; A3$
21 PRINT\IF A3$= "N" THEN 15 ELSE IF A3$= "Y" THEN 50
22 PRINT\PRINT ...
                    TYPE (Y' OR 'N' ONLY, "NPRINTNGOTO 20
45 DIM A(15),B(15)
50 FOR Z%=1 TO 15
51 RANDOMIZE
53 PRINT\FRINT
54 IF ZZ<10Z THEN FRINT
                                   *****
                                             * " ELSE PRINT
                                                                       *****
                     PROBLEM ZZ
   PRINT "
56 IF ZX<10% THEN FRINT *
                                  *****
                                                ELSE FRINT '
                                                                       *****
57/PRINT \ PRINT.
60/V1=(INT(40050*RND+30500))/100\V2=(INT(40555*RND+29555))/100
61 ! V1 AND V2 ARE VOLUMES WITH VALUES BETWEEN 300 AND 700
TO BE USED IN m1 \
62 V3=(INT(225*RND+150))/100\V4=(INT(225*RND+145))/100
63 ! V3 AND V4 ARE VOLUMES BETWEEN 1.50 AND 3.75 WITH
     TWO DECIMALS. TO BE USED WITH LITERS
65 M1=(INT(3055*RND+2055))/100\M2=(INT(3145*RND+2155))/100
66 ! M1 AND M2 ARE MASSES WITH VALUES BETWEEN 20 AND 50 WITH
     TWO DECIMALS
68 N1=(INT(1735*RND+15))/1000\N2=(INT(1725*RND+18))/1000
69 ! N1 AND N2 ARE VALUES OF NORMALITY BETWEEN .015 AND 1.75
     WITH THREE DECIMALS.
70 P1=INT(30*RND+15)\P2=INT(45*RND+50)
71 ! P1% AND P2% ARE INTEGERS TO BE USED AS PERCENTS. P1 <45 AND P2 >50
73 M3=(INT(100*RND*49+100*50))/100\M4=(INT(100*RND*45+4500))/100
74 ! M3 AND M4 ARE MASSES WITH VALUES BETWEEN 50 AND 99 AND WITH TWO DECIMALS
75 N3=INT(8*RND+1)
76 ! N3 IS A NUMBER BETWEEN 1 AND 3 (INTEGER) ...
100 IF ZZ >1 (THEN 110 ELSE PRINT " CALCULATE THE MOLARITY OF A SPLUTION WHICH CON
TAINS M3 "
           g-OF ETHYL "
101 PRINT * ALCOHOL (C H O) IN V1 * m1 OF SOLUTION.
102 FRINT TAB(11) "2"; TAB(13) "6"
105 A(1%)=(INT(100000*M3/(46*V1)))/100
110 IF ZZ<> 2 THEN 120 ELSE PRINT * CALCULATE THE NORMALITY OF A SOLUTION WHICH C
ONTAINS" MI " s OF SODIUM " .
111 PRINT " CARBONATE (Na CO ) FER LITER."
112 PRINT TAB(14) "2"; TAB(17) "3"
115 A(2\%) = (INT(M1*100/53))/100
120 IF ZZ 3 THEN 130 ELSE PRINT . HOW MANY MILLI-FOULVALENTS OF SOLUTE ARE PRESE
NT IN" V2 " ml OF A" אס' " א "
121 PRINT" SOLUTION?"
125 A(3%)=(INT(N3*V2*100))/100 . •
130 IF ZZ<>4 THEN 140 ELSE PRINT " HOW MANY GRAMS OF SOLUTE ARE REQUIRED TO PREPA
RE " V4 "1 OF A" N2
131 PRINT * N SOLUTION OF PHOSPHORIC ACID (H PO )?*
132 FRINT TAB(33) "3"; TAB(36) "4"
135 A(4%)=(INT(N2*V4*9800/3))/100

1 Z%<>5 THEN 150 ELSE PRINT " HOW MANY MILLI-EQUIVALENTS ARE THERE IN" V1 "m

1 ERIC" N1 "N SOLUTION OF
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141 PRINT " BARIUM HYDROXIDE (Ba(OH) )?"
142 PRINT TAB(25) *2 *
145 A(5%)=(INT(N1*V1*100))/100
150 IF Z%<> 6 THEN 160 ELSE PRINT " WHAT IS THE EQUIVALENT WEIGHT OF ALUMINUM HYD
ROXIDE (Al(OH) ), WHERE *
151 PRINT TAB(60) 3"
152 PRINT ONLY ONE OF THE HYDROXIDE IONS REACT?
155 A(6%)=78
160 IF Z%<>7 THEN 170 ELSE PRINT " CALCULATE THE MOLARITY OF A P1 " % CALCIUM NIT
RATE (Ca(NO ) ) SOLUTION*
161 PRINT TAB(57) "3" #TAB (59) "2"
162 PRINT " WITH A DENSITY OF " N1 "s/ml."
165 A(7%)=(INT(100*F1*N1/164))/100
     IF ZZ > 8 THEN 180 ELSE PRINT " CALCULATE THE NORMALITY OF A SOLUTION CONTAIN
ING" M2 " G OF SOLIUM"
171 FRINT " HYDROXIDE (NBOH) IN" V2 " m1 OF SOLUTION."
175 \cdot A(8\%) = (INT(M2*100000/V2))/100
180 IF ZX<>9 THEN 190 ELSE PRINT " CALCULATE THE MOLARITY OF A SULFURIC ACID SOL
UTION OF SPECIFIC GRAVITY"
181 PRINT N2 " g/m1 CONTAINING" P1 " % H SO BY WEIGHT."
182 PRINT TAB(30) "2"4 TAB(33) "4"
185 A(9%)=(INT(1000*N2*P1/98))/100
190 IF ZZ > 10 THEN 200 ELSE PRINT " HOW MANY EQUIVALENTS OF SOLUTE ARE CONTAINED
IN V4 1 OF A N3 " N"
191 PRINT " SOLUTION
195 A(10%) = (INT(100*N3*V4))/100
200 IF ZZ >11 THEN 210 ELSE PRINT " HOW MANY MILLILITERS OF CONCE TRATED SOLE
 ACID (H SO:), OF SPECIFIC®
201 PRINT TAB(54) "2"; TAB(57) "4"
202 PRINT * GRAVITY :
                      34 CONTAINING
                                      98% SULFURIC ACID BY WEIGHT SHOULD BE
    PRINT " TO MAKE
203
                                       " N SOLUTION?"
                       71 " m1 OF 1
205 A(11%)=(INT(N1*U 36.8))/100
210 IF ZXXXII THEN 22 ELSE PRIN
                                      CALCULATE THE NORMALITY OF A " N2 " M F-
IC ACID (H FO ) SOLUTION
211 PRINT TAB(56) "3" (TAB(59) "4"
212 PRINT " IN A REACTION THAT ONLY REPLACES TWO HYDROGEN IONS. "
215 A(12%)=(INT(N2*300/2))/100
220 IF ZZ<>13 THEN 230 ÉLSE PRINT * CALCULATE THE NUMBER OF GRAMS OF SOLUTE NECES
SARY TO PREPARE* V2 * m1 *
221 PRINT " OF A" N2 " M SODIUM SULFATE (Na SO ) SOLUTION, "
222 FRENT TAB(33) "2" FTAB(36) "4"
225 A(13\%) = (INT(N2*V2*142/10))/100
230" IF ZZ<>14 THEN 240 ELSE PRINT * CALCULATE THE NUMBER OF ml OF SOLUTION REQUIR
ED TO PROVIDE MA 7 s OF 1 6
231 PRINT " SULFURIC ACID (H SO ) FROM A N3 N N SOLUTION IN A REACDION THAT REPL
ACES"
232 PRINT TAB(17) "2" ; TAB(20) "4"
233 PRINT * ONLY ONE HYDROGEN ION.*
235 A(14%)=(INT(M4%100000/(98%N3)))/100
240 IF Z%<>15 THEN 250 ELSE PRINT . A HYDROCHLORIC ACID SOLUTION IS APPROXIMATELY
F1 " % HYDROCHLORIC ACID (HC1)".
241 PRINT " AND ITS DENSITY IS" N1 " S/ml. CALCULATE THE NORMALITY OF THE HYDROCH
_ORIC *
242 PRINT " ACID."
245 A(15%)=(INT(1000*P1*N1/36.45))/100
250 IF Q%=1 THEN1999
300 PRINT\INPUT *
                      YOUR ANSWER -----> *; B(Z%)
305 PRINTNIF ABS(A(Z龙)-B(ZZ))>・1 THEN 399 ELSE 499
399 PRINT
400 C1=C1+1\IF C1=1 THEN PRINT " YOU ARE INCORRECT. TRY AGAIN. "'ELSE PRINT
    YOU ARE WRONG AGAIN. THE CORRECT ANSWER IS ----- * A(Z%);
401 IF C1=1 THEN 300
```

102 IP ZZ=1 THEN PRINT" M" ELSE IF ZZ=2 THE OPEINT " N" ELSE IF ZZ= -EQUIV." ELSE IF Z%=4 THEN PRINT & S\* ELSE IF Z%=5 THEN PRINT . m-LQUIV. ELSE 4 13 103 IF Z%=6 THEN PRINT "'s" ELSE IF Z%=7 THEN PRINT " M"TELSE IF Z% S THEN PRINT N° ELSE IF ZZ=9 THEN PRINT " M° ELSE IF ZZ=10 THEN PRINT " EQUIV. ELSE IF ZZ=1
THEN PRINT " ml" else 404 104 IF ZX=12 THEN FRINT " N" ELSE IF ZX=13 THEN PRINT " S" ELSE IF ZX=14 THEN PRI IT " m1" EL SE IF Z% 15 THEN PRINT " N" 105 - PRINTNP在INTNGOTO\* 1999 199 FRINT 100 PRINT 🥾 🗹 999 C1=0\IF Z%=5 THEN 2010 ELSE IF Z%=10, THEN 2010 ELSE IF Z%=15 THEN 2010 ELSE IF Z%=20 THEN 2010 1000 NEXT Z% 1009 IF Z%=15 THEN 2480 IF YOU WISH TO STOP HERE, TYPE 'Y' OTHERWISE PRESS 1010 FRINTNERINTNERINT RETURN ! ; INFUT Q\$ 1014 IF Q\$="Y" THEN 2480 ELSE 2000 2480 PRINT\PRINT\PRINT 2481 PRINT " ""A1\$"" HAS ENDED THIS SECTION: "LA1\$"" HAS ANSWESED 48 % : **CORRECTLY.** 2485 PRINT\PRINT\PRINT HERE ARE THE COF TO TANSWETS AND "AT 1486 PRINT\PRI "STULENT'S ANSWER!" 2500 PRINT TAB (3) \* PROBLEM TAL (28) "CORRECT -HEWER"; TABLES X 2501 FRINT TAB(B) \*\*\*\*\*\*\* **VINT\FRINT\F**RINT 25Q5 FOR UX=1% TO Z% 2506 IF JZK10% THEN FRINT B(11)//J%; 2507 IF JX>9% THEN FRINT To 10)//J%; 2510 FRINT TAB(31) //A(J%); (35)(1B(J%) 2511 NEXT JX 3000 END

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THE028 10:16
                       20-Apr - 77
        ? ! THIS PROGRAM HAS BEEN DEVELOPED BY DR. JULIO GALLARDO AND ME. STEVEN DELGADO,
OF HOSTOS COMMUNITY COLLEGE, AND WAS SUBSIDIZED BY A GRANT FROM THE NATIONAL SCI
ENCE FOUNDATION.
$ PRINT\PRINT\PRINT\PRINT * IF YOU WISH TO GO TO A MORE DIFFICULT SET OF PROBLEMS
(GEN. CHEM.),
               TYPE "NPRINT " THE LETTER 'H' OTHERWISE PRESS THE <RETURN> KEY. ">
1 INPUT S7$\IF S7$="H" THEN CHAIN "CHE038" ELSE 5\FRINT\PRINT
                                     CODE # "; N%\PRINT\PRINT\PRINT
 "FRINT\PRINT\PRINT \ INFUT "
 ! N%=1 WILL GIVE A PRINT OUT OF THE PROBLEMS WITH ANSWERS.
 IF N%=1 THEN 49

↑ 1 N1$ WILL BE THE STUDENT'S NAME WHILE S1$ WILL BE HIS SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER

11 DIM A(10) PB(10)
  INFUT " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?) > TYP
                                                  'AME
                                                        " ; N1$.
L3 PRINT
14 INPUT " ATTER THE COLLETE A
                                RK (?)+ TYFT YC
                                                 SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER.
15 PRINT
20 PRINT *
                               AND YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER "NPRINT
            JUR NAME IS, " Es
21 PRINT
           S, * S1$ *. ART THE CORRECT? TYPE YES/TORT/NO/. *;
22 INFUT S2 \ FRINT
25 IF S24 = 'NOY THEN IN ELER IN S24 <> 'YE$' THEN PRINT ! TYPE 'YE$' DR 'NO' ONL
                             37 PRINT,
YHI! " ELSE TE S25= 'YES THE
26' IF S2$<> YES! THEN 15
27 PRINTAPRINTAPRINTAPRINT
                                       * N14 HAS STARTED THIS SESSION AT
E$(0)
49 \ Z1 = 1
  RANDOMIZE
  FOR Z=Z1 TO 10
  T1=(INT(1000*RND +500))/10\T2=(INT(1000*RND +400)*)/10
56 ! T1 AND T2 ARE TEMPERATURES WITH VALUES BETWEEN 50 AND 150 DEGREES
58 P1=(INT(7050*RND+5500))/10\P2=(INT(8050*RND+4050))/10\P3=(INT(7000*RND+8000))/
10\M1=(INT(1845*RND+155))/1000\M2=(INT(1845*RND+155))/1000
59 1 PlyF2,P3 ARE VALUES OF PRESSURE BETWEEN 400 AND 1500 :
50 P4=(INT(40*RND+15))/10\P5=(INT(43*RND+16))/10
51 P4 AND P5 ARE VALUES OF FRESSURE IN ATM
52 V1=(INT(10000*RND+2000))/10\V2=(INT(10000*RND+2000))/10
531 V1 AND V2 ARE VALUES OF VOLUME IN MILLILITERS AND V3 IN LITERS
   V3=(INT(75*RND+15))/10\V4=(INT(400*RND+100))/10
SZ PRINTNERINTNÉRINT.
  Z9=Z9+1\FOR, I=30 TO 49\FRINT TAB(I) "*";\NEXT I
  FRINT TAB(50) "*"\IF Z9=2 THEN 80 ELSE FRINT TAB(30) "*";\PRINT TAB(35) "PROBL
  DEF FNC(Y1)=(5*(T1-32))/9
  DEF FNB(T1)=9*T1/5 432
                  CORRECT !!!!!
         YOU ARE INCORRECT. TRY AGAIN"
38 B3$= " "YOU ARE WRONG AGAIN. THE CORRECT ANSWER IS -----
  PRINT\PRINT
100 IF Z<>1 THEN 105 ELSE PRINT * A MASS OF OXYGEN OCCUPIES* V3 *LITERS UNDER A PRESSURE OF P3 *TORR. "
101 FRINT * DETERMINE THE VOLUME OF THE SAME MASS OF GAS AT STANDARD PRESSURE (76
) TORR);"
102 PRINT * THE TEMPERATURE REMAINING CONSTANT.
103 A(1) = (INT(V3*F3/7.6))/100.
105 IF Z<>2 THEN 110 ELSE PRINT " GIVEN THE VOLUME OF A GAS AS" V1 "m1 AT"P2 "TOR
R PRESSURE .
LOG FRINT . CALCULATE THE VOLUME OF THE SAME MASS OF GAS AT  P1 "TORR."
   A(2) = (INF(100 \times V1 \times P2/P1))/100
tio if z<>3 Then ii5[ELÆE:FRINT: A] MASS OF NEON OCCUPIES V2 "mi[AT" Ti] "C. FIND
TTS VOLUME AT" TE "C,"
  RIC3)=(INT(100*V2*(T2+273)/(T1+273)))/10
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115 IF Z > 4 THEN 120 ELSE PRINT . WHAT VOLUME WILL V3 "LITERS OF HELIUM, MEASURE
D AT T2 "C, OCCUPY"
116 PRINT * AT TI *C. ? .
118 A(4)=(INT(100*V3*(T1+273))(T2+273))
120 IF Z<>5 THEN 125 ELSE PRINT A STEEL TANK CONTAINS CARBON DIOXIDE AT
AND A PRESSURE OF " P4 "ATM"
121 FRINT * DETERMINE THE INTERNAL GO
                                       эĘ..
                                            THE WHE THE TANK IS HEATED TO TE
     A(5)=(INT(100*F4*(T2+273)/(T1+273)))/_ 0
125 IF Z<>6 THEN 130 ELSE PRINT " GIVEN" UT "LITERS OF AMMONIA ATTITE "C AND PI
*TORR, DETERMINE ITS*
126 PRINT " VOLUME AT" TO "C AND P3 "TORR
127 A(6) A(1) A(1) *V3*((T2+273)/(T1+273))*(P1/P3)))/100
130 IF Z<>7 THEN 135 ELSE PRINT * THE VOLUME OF A QUANTITY OF SULFUR DIOXIDE AT*
T1 "C AND" F3 "TORR, IS"
131 FRINT "" V3 LITERS. CALCULATE ITS VOLUME ATTSTANDART CONDITIONS (STF). "
1337AC7)=(INT(10)xV3x(273/CT1+273))x(CP3/76)))))/100
135 IF Z<>8 THEN 140 ELSE PRINT * A MASS OF HYDROGEN OCCUPIES* V4 *LITERS AT* 12
"F AND" F5 "ATM FIND ITS"
136 PRINT " VOLUME AT - T1 "F AND " F4 "ATM
137 C(8)=V4xP5x100x(FNC(-T1)+273)\D(8)=(FNC|T2)+273)xF4
138 A(8) ≧(INT(\(\(\bar{\chi}\)(\(\bar{\chi}\))))/100 :
140 IF Z<>9 THEN 145 ELSE PRINT TO HOW MARY ATMOSPHERES PRESSURE MUST A LITER O
F GAS MEASURED AT" P4 "ATM"
141 PRINT " AND " T2 "C BE SUBJECT TO BE COMPRESSED TO 1/2 LITER WHEN THE TEMPERAT
URE"
142 FRINT " IS" T1 "C?"
144 A(9)=(INT(100*F4*(1/.5)*((T2+273)/(T1+273))))/100
145 IF Z 10 THEN 499 ELSE PRINT ! A GIVEN SAMPLE OF A GAS HAS A VOLUME OF! V4 "L
ITERS AT T1 "C AND " F2
146 PRINT " TORR, ITS VOLUME AND TEMPERATURE ARE CHANGED TO " V3 "LITERS AND " T2
Cy " - Se
147 PRINT " RESPECTIVELY. CALCULATE THE PRESSURE AT THIS CONDITIONS.
149 A(10)=(INT(100*F2*V4*GT2+273)/GT1+273)*V3))/100
499 PRINT\PRINT
500 Z9=0\IF NX=1 THEN 1999.
501FRINT
502 INPUT
                     YOUR ANSWER ----- FB(Z)
503 FRINT
505 IF (ABS(A(Z)-B(Z)))> OI THEN 600 ELSE FRINT A9$\S1=S1+1
506 GOTO 1999.
507 ! SI COUNTS CORRECT ANSWERS
600 C1=C1+1\IF C1=1 THEN FRINT B2$ ELSE FRINT B3$;
605 IF C1=1 THEN 501 ELSE PRINT A(Z);
606 IF Z=2 THEN PRINT "m1" ELSE IF Z=3 THEN PRINT "m1" ELSE IF Z=5 THEN PRINT "AT
M" ELSE IF Z=9 THEN PRINT "ATM" ELSE IF Z=10 THEN PRINT "TORR" ELSE PRINT "liters
1999 Z1=Z1+1\FRINT\IF Z1=6 THEN 2019 ELSE IF Z1=11 THEN 2016
2014 IF Z>9 THEN 2400 -
2015 C1=0\NEXT Z
2016 PRINT\PRINT\PRINT\PRINT\" IF YOU WISH TO CONTINUE TO HARDER PROBLEMS TYPE
ES! OTHERWISE 'NO'.";
20 17 INFUT S6#
2018 FRINT\PRINT\ IF $6$="NO" THEN 2400 ELSE 2498
2019 PRINT
2020 PRINT' IF YOU WISH TO CONTINUE TYPE 'YES', OTHERWISE TYPE 'NO'. "#
      INPUT S5# *
2022 FRINT\PRINT\PRINT
2025 IF S5#="NO" THEN 2400 ELSE 2015
2400 PRINT No.
                 "N1$ " HAS ENDED THIS SESSION AT " TIME$(0)".
2401 PRINTXPRINT * HAS ANSWERED * St > QUESTIONS CORRECTLY. ** NPRINT
   TRINT HERE ARE THE CORRECT ANSWERS AND "NIS "'S ANSWERS:
2FRICRINT\PRINT\PRINT
```

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- 20-Apr-77
 REM - THIS IS A MORE DIFFICULT PRACTICE SESSION IN BAS LAWS.
 ! THIS PROGRAM HAS BEEN DEVELOPED BY DR. JULIO GALLARDO, OF HOSTOS COMMUNITY
   COLLEGE; AND WAS SUBSIDIZED BY A GRANT FROM THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION
 PRINTYPRINTYPRINT
 INFUT *
                  CODE # "; N%
   N%=1 WILL GIVE A PRINT OUT OF THE PROBLEMS WITH ANSWERS
 PRINT\FRINT\ IF NZ=1 THEN49
   NIS WILL BE THE STUDENT'S NAME WHILE SIS WILL BE HIS SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
   DIM A(15), B(15)
  INFUT " AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?), TYPE YOUR NAME.
  PRINT
.4 INPUT . AFTER THE QUESTION MARK ((?), TYPE YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER.
THINT C.
  PRINT " YOUR NAME IS: "NIS " AND YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER "NFRINT
IT FRINT " IS, " SIB ". ARE THEY CORRECTE TYPE YES! OR 'NO!. ";
12 INPUT 52$
15 PRINT\PRINT\IF S24="NOT\THEN 12 ELSE IF S24<> 'YES'
                                                       THEN PRINT
OR 'NO' ONLY!!!! " ELSE 27
  PRINT\PRINT\GOTO 20
  PRINT\PRINT\PRINT'"
                           "N1$ " HAS STARTED THIS SESSION AT "
  Z1 ≤11
JO RANDOMIZE
  FOR Z = Z1 TO 15
55 T1=(INT(1000*RND +500))/10\T2=(INT(1000*RND +400))/10
  ! T1 AND T2 ARE TEMPERATURES WITH VALUES BETWEEN 50 AND 150 DEGREES
38. P1=(INT(7050*RND+5500'))/10\P2=(INT(8050*RND+4050))/10\P3=(INT(7000*RND+8000))/
LONMI=(INT(1845*RND+155))/1000\M2=(INT(1845*RND+155))/1000
  ! P1,P2,F3'Are VALUES OF FRESSURE BETWEEN 400 AND 1500
30 F4=(INT(40*RND+15))/10\F5=(INT(43*RND+16))/10
11 ! P4 AND P5 ARE VALUES OF PRESSURE IN ATM
52 V1=(INT(10000*RND+2000))/10\V2=(INT(10000*RND+2000))/10\
33! VI AND V2 ARE VALUES OF VOLUME IN MILLILITERS AND V3 IN LITERS
   V3=(INT(75*RND+15))/10\V4=(INT(400*RND+100))/10
37 PRINTNERINT
38 Z9=Z9+1\FOR I=30 TO 49\PRINT TAB(I) "*";\NEXT I
  PRINT TAB(50) "*"NIF Z9=2 THEN 80 ELSE PRINT TAB(30) "*" (NPRINT TAB(35) "PROBL
METEZINERINT TABCSOX 學來《NGOTO 68
10 DEF FNC(T1)=(5*(T1-32))/9
31 DEF FNB(T1)=9*T1/5 +32
                   CORRECT !!!!!
            YOU ARE INCORRECT. TRY AGAIN*
38 B35=" YOU ARE WRONG AGAIN. THE CORRECT ANSWER IS -
'9 PRINT\PRINT
50 IF Z<>11 THEN 155 ELSE PRINT AN IDLING, UNTUNED CAR ENGINE CAN PRODUCE V2
51 PRINT " THAT CONTAINS" V3, "% BY VOLUME OF CARBON MONOXIDE (CO). HOW MANY MOLE
OF CO
52 PRINT . DOES THE EXHAUST DELIVER FER MINUTE (R=0.082 1-stm/mole/des)."
54^{\circ} A(11) = (INT(1219.512*V2*V3/(273+T1)))/100
55 IF Z 12 THEN 160 ELSE PRINT " ASSUME THAT YOUR LUNGS CAN HOLD ABOUT" V2
IF AIR AT STF. IF YOU TAKE A"
56 PRINT
           DEEP BREATH AND HOLD IT, THEN DIVE INTO THE OCEAN TO A DEPTH AT WHICH
.57 PRINT " TEMPERATURE IS" TI "C'AND THE PRESSURE IS" P3 "TORR, WHAT WILL BE THE
NERINT * VOLUME OF AIR IN YOUR LUNGS?
    A(12)=(INT(V2*(T1+273)*278.39/P3))/100
60 IF Z<>13 THEN 165 ELSE PRINT * IF * V2 "m1 OF A GAS MEASURED AT" F2 *C AND P3
"TORR HAS A MASS OF "M1
61 PRINT "s, WHAT IS ITS MOLECULAR MASS?

    13)=(INT(M1*6232*1000*(T2+273)/(V2*N3)))/100

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165 IF Z<>14 THEN 170 ELSE FRINT " CALCULATE THE DENSITY OF METHANE (CH ) AT - " T L "C AND" P1 "TORR." .66 PRINT TAB(37) "4" .67 A(14)=(INT(25.67\*F1/(273-T1)))/100 170 IF Z<>15 THEN 500 ELSE PRINT " HALOTHANE IS A NONFLAMMABLE, NONIRRITATING, GE VERAL ANESTHETIC, AND IN" 171 PRINT MANY INSTANCES IS SUPERIOR TO ETHYL ETHER. AT" T1 "C AND "P1 "TORR "" MIL" 172 PRINT " s OF THE GAS OCCUPIES A VOLUME OF "V1 "m1. ITS COMPOSITION IS 12.2% CA 173 FRINT " 0.5% HYDROGEN 40.5% BROMINE, 18.0% CHLORINE, AND 28.9% FLOURINE. CAL CULATE" 174 PRINT THE MOLECULAR MASS FOR HALOTHANE. " 175 A(15)=(INT(M1\*6232\*1000\*(T1+273)/(V1\*F1)))/100 199 FRINT\FRINT 100 Z9=0\IF N%=1 THEN 1999. 501FRINT 302 INFUT YOUR ANSWER ----103 PRINT 105 IF (ABS(A(Z)-B(Z)))>,01 THEN 600 ELSE BRINT A9\$\S1=S1+1 GOTO 1999 107 ! S1 COUNTS CORRECT ANSWERS : 100 C1=C1+1\IF C1=1 THEN PRINT: B24 ELSE FRINT B34; 305 IF C1=1 THEN 501 ELSE FRINT A(Z); FOO IF Z=11 THEN FRINT " moles " ELSE IF Z=12 THEN FRINT "m1 " ELSE IF Z=13 THEN FRINT " amu " ELSE IF Z=14 THEN FRINT " a/m1 " ELSE IF Z=15 THEN FRINT " amu " 1999 Z1=Z1+1\FRINT\IF\Z1=16 THEN 2400 2014 IF Z>14 THEN 2400 2015 C#=0\NEXT Z 2022 FRINT\PRINT\FRINT N1\$ " HAS ENDED THIS SESSION AT " TIME\$(0)". "N1\$. 2400 FRINT \* 2401 PRINT\PRINT " HAS ANSWERED " St " QUESTIONS CORRECTLY. "\PRINT 2405 PRINT " HERE ARE THE CORRECT ANSWERS AND "NIS "S ANSWERS: " 2498 FRINT\FRINT\FRINT 2499 FRINT TAB(5) "\*\*\*\*\*\*\* " + TAB(18) " \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* " TAB(40) "\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* . . \*;TAB(18) \* CORRECT ANSWER";TAB(40) "STUDENT'S ANSWER" 2500 PRINT TAB(5) \*PROBLEM 2501 FRINT TAB(5) "\*\*\*\*\*\*\* "; TAB(48) " \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* "; TAB(40) "\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 1505 FRINT\FRINT 2510 FOR Z = 11 TO 15 2512 PRINT TAB(6) / 5Z; 2513 PRINT TAR(24)/( A(Z)) TAB(45)// 2520 NEXT Z 30000 END

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \* \* \* \* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \* \* \* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* SAMPLE \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \* \* \* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \* \* 

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THE508 12:17 ' 22-Apr-77

HOW MANY PROBLEMS DO YOU WANT ? 3

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* FROBLEM 1 \*\*\*\*\*\*

A BRASS BAR WEIGHING 39.45 LBS IS MADE OF 79.08 % ZINC AND THE BALANCE OF COPPER, HOW MANY LBS. OF COPPER DOES IT CONTAIN?

A TRUCK CARRYING 674.12 LBS OF COAL WEIGHED 1464.58 LBS. WHAT PERCENT OF THE TOTAL WEIGHT WAS DUE TO THE WEIGHT OF THE TRUCK?

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* FROBLEM 3 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

HOW MANY SHEETS OF METAL 1/ 8 INCHES THICK ARE THERE IN A FILE 75.54 INCHES

DO YOU WANT MORE PROBLEMS ? NO

I Page

AFTER THE QUESTION MARK (?), TYPE YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER. ? 000001977
YOUR.NAME IS, JOHN DOE, AND YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
IS, 000001977. ARE THEY CORRECT? TYPE 'Y' FOR YES AND 'N' FOR NO. ? U
TYPE 'Y' OR 'N' ONLY !!!!!
YOUR NAME IS, JOHN DOE, AND YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER

IS. 000001977. ARE THEY CORRECT? TYPE 'Y' FOR YES AND 'N' FOR NO. ? Y

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* FROBLEM 1 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*

A BRASS BAR WEIGHING 56.77 LBS IS MADE OF 48.74 % ZINC AND THE BALANCE OF COPPER DOES IT CONTAIN?

YOUR ANSWER ----- 3 29.10

CORRECT!!!

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* PROBLEM 2 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*

A TRUCK CARRYING 988.11 LBS OF COAL WEIGHED 1908.91 LBS. HAT PERCENT OF THE TOTAL WEIGHT WAS DUE TO THE WEIGHT OF THE TRUCK?

YOUR ANSWER ----- ? 4.8

YOU ARE INCORRECT. TRY AGAIN.

YOUR ANSWER ----- ? 48

YOU ARE WRONG AGAIN. THE CORRECT ANSWER IS ----- 48.24

\*

YOUR ANSWER ----- ? 62.5

YOUR ANSWER ----- ? 62.56

## CORRECT!!!

DO YOU WANT MORE PROBLEMS ? NO

THE STUDENT JOHN DOE, HAS ENDED THIS SESSION.

JOHN DOE, HAS ANSWERED 2, QUESTIONS CORRECTLY.

HERE ARE JOHN DOE'S ANSWERS AND THE CORRECT ANSWERS.

U	PROBLEM ****		CORRECT ANSWER ***********		STUDENT ANSWER		
	1 2 3 %,	48	•1003 ** •237 •58			29.1 48 62.58	

leads